Strengthening Institutional Capacity to Conduct Global Cancer Research

D43 RFA Concept Proposal

Sudha Sivaram, DrPH, Center for Global Health

Min He, PhD, Office of Cancer Centers

Susan Perkins, PhD, Center for Cancer Training



Low- and Middle-Income Countries (LMICs) Have High Cancer Burden

Unique scientific opportunities to advance cancer knowledge

- Racial and ethnic differences in cancer subtypes
- Role of risk factors, e.g., smokeless tobacco, environmental exposures
- Implementation research

Research that can help address US cancer health disparities

- Genetic ancestry and cancer risk
- Cancers in US sub-populations that are highly prevalent in LMICs

Lack of Trained Workforce in Global Cancer Research

- Lack of global cancer research training support for US scientists
 - Among 67 NCI-Designated Cancer Centers that responded
 - Only 5 currently provide global training for more than 2 days/year¹
 - ASCO recommendations on global oncology training²
- Profound lack of opportunities for cancer research training in LMICs

¹2018-2019 Global Oncology Survey of NCI-Designated Cancer Centers Summary https://www.cancer.gov/about-nci/organization/cgh/resources/globalonc-survey

²Global Oncology: Formalizing a Career Path in Building a Better World, Sep 2018 https://connection.asco.org/magazine/features/global-oncology-formalizing-career-path-building-better-world



Conclusions from NCI Portfolio Analysis

NCI Training Programs FY10-FY18

3% of 3431 Training Awards have a foreign component

Discussions with Office of HIV and AIDS Malignancy (OHAM)

- Expand focus to non-HIV cancers
- Consider long-term support and mentorship

Evaluation of CGH Programs (P30 Suppl, P20, Fogarty K01, K43, D43)

- Individual support for training important but not sufficient to build a program
- Long-term programs that allow broader cancer research training
- Institutional capacity essential for sustaining workforce capacity
- Need to provide protected time for training, mentorship and research

Funding Objective and Scope

Institutional Training Grant awarded to US-LMIC Collaboration

- Support pre- and post-doctoral training of US and LMIC scientists
 - Degree/Certificate; mentored research experiences; specialized research skills; research-relevant capacity
- Facilitate research leadership/mentorship at US and LMIC institutions
 - LMIC mentors supervise research experiences; in-country workshops
- Provide durable funding (5 years) to allow multi-disciplinary training programs to address cancer research priorities and opportunities in LMICs

Training Research Topics

Areas of training relevant to US-LMIC research collaboration, can include/not limited to

Etiology, prevention and control of infection-associated cancers, cancer genetics and cancer biology, cancer epidemiology, clinical research, implementation science, cancer surveillance and data science, integrative oncology

Critical areas essential for successful global research collaboration

- Ethics and regulatory issues
- Good clinical and laboratory practices
- Cultural competency

Justification for D43 Mechanism

- Institutional training: 5-year program that allows multi-disciplinary training
- Unlike National Research Service Award (NRSA) training mechanisms, support of foreign scientists allowed
- Funding mechanism with a track record of success at NCI, Fogarty

Attributes of a D43 grant

- Identifies training needs to advance specific aims within US-LMIC collaboration
- Develops a program/plan of activities to support identified needs
- Facilitates trainee development and institutional capacity building
- Lays foundation for future collaborative research and career independence

Justification for RFA

Scientific

- Demand for global cancer research training
- No cancer-dedicated global research training program
- Opportunities to address global cancer disparities

Programmatic

- Foundation for development of a global research training program at NCI
- Review by experts in global cancer research and training

Proposed Budget

- Pilot RFA with two receipt dates; 3-4 awards/receipt date, up to 7 total awards
- Total Costs per award per year: up to \$270,000 (\$250K Direct + 8% F&A)

Budget Allows

Salary support for PI, Senior/Key personnel, mentors; trainee stipends, partial tuition/fees; in-country workshops; travel support for trainees & PIs

Total Costs Across Fiscal Years	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Total All Years
First Receipt Date (4 awards)	\$1.08M	\$1.08M	\$1.08M	\$1.08M	\$1.08M	0	\$5.40M
Second Receipt Date (3 awards)	0	\$810K	\$810K	\$810K	\$810K	\$810K	\$4.05M
GRAND TOTAL	\$1.08M	\$1.89M	\$1.89M	\$1.89M	\$1.89M	\$810K	\$9.45M

Applicants Eligibility

US Institution

- Established cancer research program
- Pre-existing collaborations with LMIC

LMIC Institution Partner

- LMIC per World Bank and Fogarty
- Certain countries excluded per Fogarty

PD/PI

 Established investigator in global oncology and training

Trainees

 US and LMIC pre-doctoral students, postdocs, clinical fellows, clinicians

Application Review Criteria

- Institutional commitment to support global cancer research
- Collaboration to address LMIC country/region-specific priorities
- Institutional training infrastructure (facility, administration, mentor/trainee recruitment)
- Integration of proposed training into ongoing research
- Potential impact on reducing global cancer disparity

BSA sub-committee review notes

Regulatory barriers

- Barriers remain
- Experience is essential applications invited from institutions who have had collaborations with LMICs

Learn from past D43s

Consider Program Sustainability

- First step in development of a global research training program at NCI
 - D43 PAR
 - Global cancer research funding (coordination with NCI Divisions)

Key Points

- D43 is first step in the establishment of an NCI global cancer research training program
- Build on/Expand existing LMIC research infrastructure established by NIH
- Permits expansion in key areas of cancer investigations genomics, proteomics, epidemiology, implementation science, cancer disparities
- Provides the funding to support the next generation of US-LMIC cancer research collaborations





