# NCI National Clinical Trials Network (NCTN) Concept for RFA Reissuance



15<sup>th</sup> Joint Meeting of NCI BSA/NCAB Meg Mooney, MD June 15, 2023

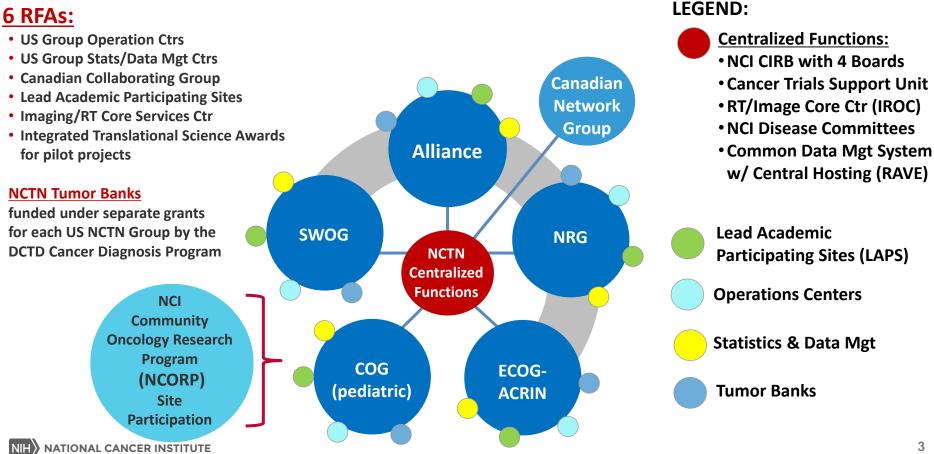
Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program
Division of Cancer Treatment & Diagnosis
National Cancer Institute

# Transformation of former Cooperative Group program to NCI National Clinical Trials Network (NCTN) 2014

Establish/Support programmatic infrastructure to:

- ☐ Harmonize processes & promote collaborations
- ☐ Focus on questions not well supported in commercial environment
- ☐ Prioritize trials & incorporate innovative science and design
- ☐ Provide large-scale testing of molecularly-defined cancers & incorporate "precision medicine" into portfolio, along with rare tumor trials
- ☐ Maintain commitment to conduct trials in diverse & special populations

### **NCTN Program Organizational Structure**



### **CTEP CORE for Clinical Trials Helps Support NCTN**

& Other NCI-funded clinical trials networks

Contracted support in following domains:

- Information Security
- Study Administration & Logistics
- Clinical Data Capture & Reporting
   Enrollment, Medidata Mgt System
- Regulatory Monitoring & Reporting

Investigator Credentialing
NCI CIRB & Regulatory Support
IND Sponsor Activities for Selected NCTN Trials

- Data Quality & Control
- Correlative Study Data



### **NCTN Program Organizational Structure**

#### Large Umbrella/Basket Trials Requiring National Catchment Area

ADULT & PEDIATRIC MATCH (Target Therapies Across Histologies)

LUNG MAP, ALCHEMIST (Target Therapies in Adv & Early Lung Cancer

NEW Precision Medicine Trials: ComboMATCH, myeloMATCH, iMATCH

#### **Multimodality & Non-Drug Trials**

Role of Weight Loss in Treatment of Early Breast Ca

Dose-Escalated RT +/- ADT in Intermediate Prostate Ca

#### **Combination Therapy Trials**

Chemo + Immunotx in Resected Stage III Colon Ca dMMR

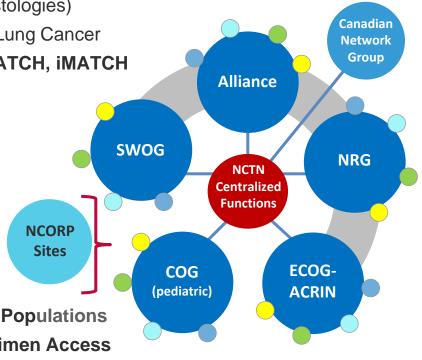
### **Special Populations & Initiatives**

AYA Trials, Broadening Eligibility & Outreach to Diverse Populations

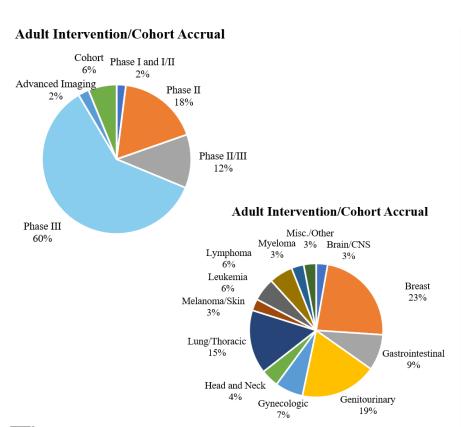
NCTN/NCORP Data Archives & NCTN Navigator Biospecimen Access

Longitudinal Natural Hx Study of COVID-19 in Cancer Patients (NCCAPS)

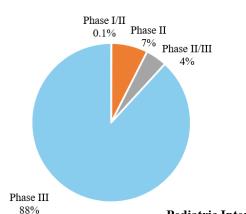
Real World Trials: Launch of Pragmatica-Lung



Adult/Pediatric Intervention Accruals: Trial Phase & Cancer Type (3/1/2019 to 10/31/2022)



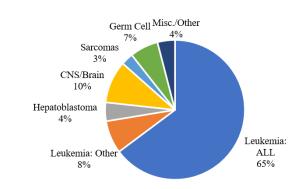
#### **Pediatric Intervention/Cohort Accrual**



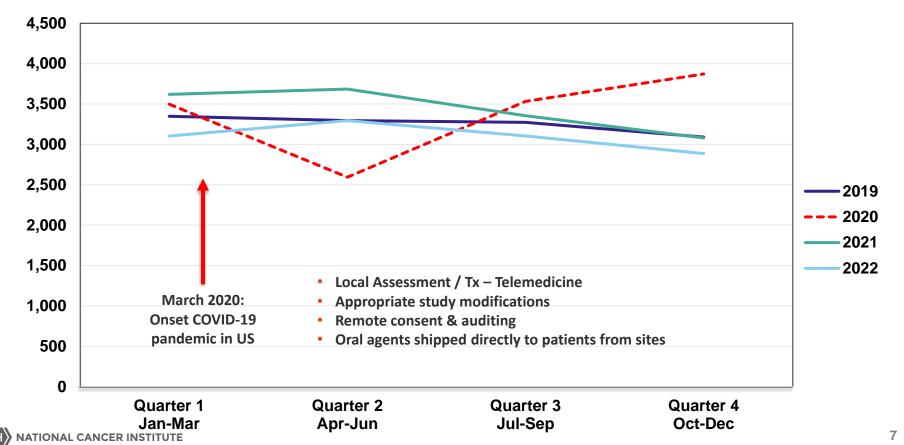
All Trials
IND: 65%

Non-IND: 35%

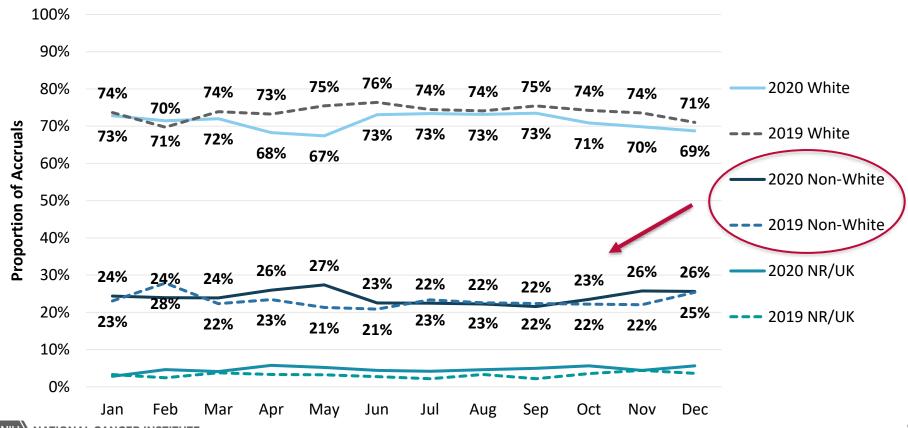




# Special Consideration for Project Period: COVID-19 Pandemic NCTN Quarterly Intervention Accrual to Treatment Trials 2019-2022



# NCTN 2019 and 2020 Accrual by Month Proportion of Participants who were White or Non-White



### **NCTN Study Components & Accrual**

	Study Component & Accrual by Project Period				
NCTN Study Component	Project Period 1 (60 Months) "Annual Avg"	Project Period 2 (44 Months) "Annual Avg"			
# LOI & Concept Approval	51	51			
# Trial Activations	46	43			
NCTN Accrual Component	Project Period 1 "Annual Avg"	Project Period 2 "Annual Avg"			
# Accruals: Screen on Study	5,494	4,004			
# Accruals: Intervention/Cohort	15,180	13,533			
# Accruals – Total Accrual	20,674	17,537			

Period 1 "screening on study" accruals include Adult & Pediatric MATCH.

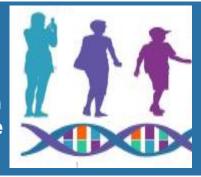
### **NCTN Accrual by Enrolling Site Types**

	2 <sup>nd</sup> Project Period Intervention Accruals by Full Member Site Type (3/1/2019-10/31/2022)				
Site Type (with integral subsites)	# Sites	% All Accruing Sites	% All Accruals		
LAPS	198	12.9%	28.3% 27.7%		
NCORP	623	40.6%			
Rostered	713	46.5%	44.0%		

1,600 sites had accruals registered to NCTN in 2<sup>nd</sup> project period to 287 Trials Composed of 1,439 US sites & 161 international sites (including non-member collaborators)

# Key Accomplishment: Conduct of Collaborative Trials in Special Populations - AYA

S1826: Phase 3 Randomized
Study of Nivolumab + AVD or
Brentuximab Vedotin + AVD
in Patients (Age >/= 12 Years) with
Newly Diagnosed Advanced Stage
Classical Hodgkin Lymphoma



Study Opened: July 2019 Study Closed: Dec 2022

994 Patients Enrolled (M/F: 45% vs 55%)

12 - 17 yrs: 24%18 - 60 yrs: 66%

Over 60 yrs: 10%

White 76%, Black, 12%, Asian 3%; Hispanic 13%

Results
Presented
2023 ASCO
Plenary
Session

J Clin Oncol 41, 2023 (suppl 17; abstr LBA4)

- N-AVD improved progression-free survival (PFS) compared to Bv-AVD as initial treatment of advanced stage cHL
- N-AVD was well-tolerated
  - Few immune-related adverse events
  - < 1% of patients received radiation therapy (RT)</p>
- Key step towards harmonizing pediatric and adult therapy of cHL
- N-AVD is poised to be a new standard for treatment of advanced stage cHL

# **Key Accomplishment: Question Not Well-supported in a Commercial Environment**

PROSPECT: Alliance N1048

PreOp Chemotx w/ Selective ChemoRT

versus ChemoRT for Patients with

Locally Adv Rectal Cancer



Study Activation: Jan 2012
Closed Accrual/Tx: Nov 2019
Total Enrollment: 1,194 patients

**Non-inferiority Trial** 

Compare standard 5FUCMT to neoadjuvant FOLFOX followed by selective use of 5FUCMT with respect to the co-primary endpoints of Time to Local Recurrent & Disease-free Survival

Most Intermediate rectal cancer patients can receive curative-intent treatment without pelvic chemoradiation

Clinical Correlatives: Quality of Life (QOL) & Patient Report Outcomes (PROs)

• Immunologic Studies: Indicators of Immunologic Activation

• Pharmacogenomics: Germline Variation as a Predictor of Response &

Toxicity to Platinum-based Chemotx & RT



Results
Presented 2023
ASCO Plenary
Session &
Simultaneous
NEJM Publication

J Clin Oncol 41, 2023 (suppl 17; abstr LBA2)

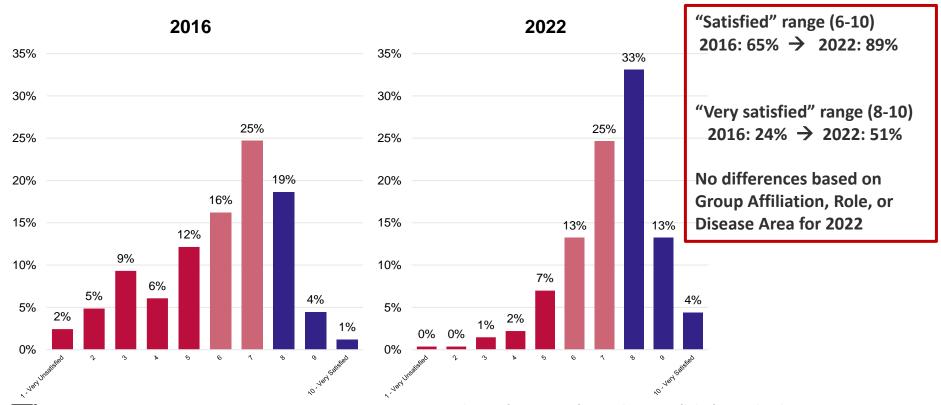
### Other Selected Recent Key Accomplishments - Results

Trial	Impact / Accomplishment		
AHOD1331: Randomized Phase 3 Study of Brentuximab Vedotin for Newly Dx'ed High-Risk Classical Hodgkin Lymphoma in Children & Young Adults	Patients receiving brentuximab vedotin with chemotherapy had a <b>Superior 3-year Event-Free Survival</b> (92.1%) compared to those who did not receive the agent (82.5%) with no increase in toxicity. <b>NEJM Publication &amp; FDA Approval of Indication Nov 3, 2022.</b>		
<b>E1910:</b> Phase 3 Randomized Trial of Blinatumomab for Newly Diagnosed BCR-ABL-Negative B Lineage Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia in Adults	Blinatumomab added to consolidation chemotherapy led to significantly <b>Better Overall Survival</b> in pts with newly dx'ed B-cell ALL who were MRD negative after intensification chemotx (median OS: not reached vs 71.4 months, HR 0.42, 95% CI: 0.24 - 0.75; two-sided p=0.003). Median F/U of 43 months. Represents new standard for BCR::ABL1 negative ALL adult patients 30-70 yrs. <b>Late Breaking Abstract Session ASH Annual Mtg Dec 6, 2022. Designed as a Registration Intent Study for FDA Approval in Indication.</b>		
NRG-GY018: Randomized, Placebo- Controlled Study of Pembrolizumab in Addition to Paclitaxel & Carboplatin for Measurable Stage III or IVA, Stage IVB or Recurrent Endometrial Cancer	Pembrolizumab in combination with chemotherapy resulted in a significantly improved Progression-free Survival (PFS) in dMMR cohort of 74% compared to 38% in placebo group (HR, 0.30; 95% CI 0.19 to 0.48; P<0.001). In pMMR cohort, median PFS was 13.1 months <i>vs</i> 8.7 months (HR, 0.54; 95% CI, 0.41 to 0.71; P<0.001). Presented Annual SGO Mtg with NEJM publication on Mar 27, 2023. Designed as Registration Intent Study for FDA Approval in Indication.		

### Survey of Key NCTN Participants: Satisfaction Has Improved

#### Overall Satisfaction with the NCTN: December 2016 vs. August 2022

NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE



### **External Evaluation Panel: NCTN Assessment**

Many highly significant, practice-changing trials in various cancers conducted, which they considered best marker of NCTN success & many would not have been performed by industry or without public funding:

- evaluation of agents from different companies
- difficult randomized comparisons of surgery, RT, and/or drug tx vs no tx or modified tx
- studies in rare tumors & common cancer rare subsets & de-escalation strategy trials

Panel highly supportive of other NCTN components, including LAPs, IROC, ITSAs

In concluding remarks, 1 panel member stated following that was echoed by others:

"This is an unbelievable program. There is no question, one of the best in the world. There is no comparison with anything else in terms of [its] enormous size, extent, and depth. All our colleagues who helped create and manage this program absolutely deserve congratulations."

### **External Panel's Key Concerns/Recommendations**

- Increases in funding are <u>critical</u> to continued high-level performance
- Trials should be designed with challenges for accrual burden on sites in mind & flexibilities implemented during COVID-19 should continue
- Enrollment of diverse populations needs improvement & prioritization
- NCTN Groups & NCI should continue to accelerate trial development
- Enhance collaboration so Network can engage in successful initiatives together (outreach to diverse patients, EMR pilots, workforce diversity).

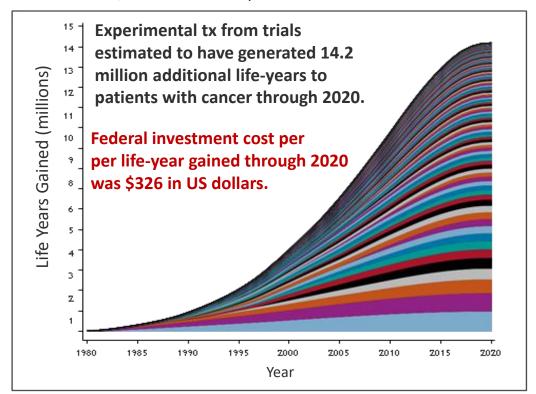
# Population, Clinical, and Scientific Impact of National Cancer Institute's National Clinical Trials Network Treatment Studies

Unger JM et al, JCO, 2023 Apr 10;41(11):2020-2028. doi: 10.1200/JCO.22.01826. Epub 2022 Dec 8.

162 Adult NCTN positive, randomized trials since 1980 analyzed comprising 108,334 patients. Trials cited 165,336 times thru 2020, with 87.7% cited in cancer care guidelines favoring recommended tx.

Relevance: Impact of US NCTN trials on adult cancer outcomes cannot be overstated; this evidence should compel sustained financial investment and continued academic contributions to this valuable resource.\*

\*Relevance section written by *JCO* Editor-in-Chief Jonathan W. Friedberg, MD.



### **Budget Considerations**

- Funding cited by Extramural Community & External Review Panel as most critical need.
- Accrual already reduced from a decade ago (pre-NCTN) by ≈ 20% & services centralized.
   Even with more centralization & streamlining of trials, significant resources are needed to preserve the program, especially w/ rising costs & loss of health care and research staff.
- Rough comparisons of "per patient accrual" cost for NCTN vs industry trials are below.

## **AACI Survey of Academic Cancer Centers**Support for Trial Offices (CTOs) \*

Sponsor Type	Median % Trials	Median % Accrual	Median % Budget	
<u>Industry</u>	<mark>43%</mark>	<mark>39%</mark>	<mark>45%</mark>	
<b>National Coop Grp</b>	<mark>33%</mark>	<mark>19%</mark>	<b>4%</b>	
Institutional	15%	33%	0%	
External	4%	5%	3%	

\*Lee C, et al. Oncology Practice 2021 17:1, e77-e93

Comparison to Industry CRO estimated Per Patient "Pivotal Trial" Cost in Oncology \*

CRO Median US \$100,242 (\$80,800 to \$155,414)

Comparable estimate for NCTN's estimated "Per Patient" Cost is between \$9,500 to \$15,000, including support from NCTN grant, NCORP grant capitation, NCTN Tumor Banks, & BIQSFP.

\* Moore TJ, et al. Variation in the estimated costs of pivotal clinical benefit trials supporting the US approval of new therapeutic agents, 2015–2017:a cross-section study, *BMJ Open* 2020;10:e038863. doi:10.1136/bmjopen-2020-038863

### Proposed Budget for NCTN Budget Period (FY2025-FY2030)

Proposed % Increase by NCTN Program Components For Annual Accrual of 17,000 to 18,000 Patients

NCTN Program Component	% Increase Over Prior Period		
US NCTN Ops & Stats/Data Centers - Non-Capitation	10%		
Canadian Collaborating Network- Non Capitation	10%		
Imaging & Radiation Oncology Core (IROC)	10%		
Capitation for Sites (US & Canada) - Accrual	25% to 40%		
Lead Academic Participating Sites (LAPS) - Accrual	35%		
Integrated Translation Science Awards (ITSAs)	Reduction of 50%		
Contract Boost plus increase of 8% over Base with 4% COLA			

#### Current Annual Budget & Proposed 6-Yr Grant & Contract Budget in \$ Millions Total Cost

Current Annual Total Cost Budget (\$ Millions)	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	FY2030	Avg Annual Increase Over Prior Period
\$171	\$216	\$216	\$216	\$216	\$216	\$216	\$45



www.cancer.gov/espanol