Request to Reissue RFAs for the Innovative Molecular Analysis Technology (IMAT) Program

Kelly Crotty, CSSI Tony Dickherber, CSSI June 15, 2023





Motivation to Reissue the IMAT RFAs

- IMAT continues to address an area unmet by other funding opportunities
- The program consistently has highly competitive funding rates and receives a significant number of high-scoring applications
- IMAT continues to produce high-impact technologies

1. IMAT Program Overview

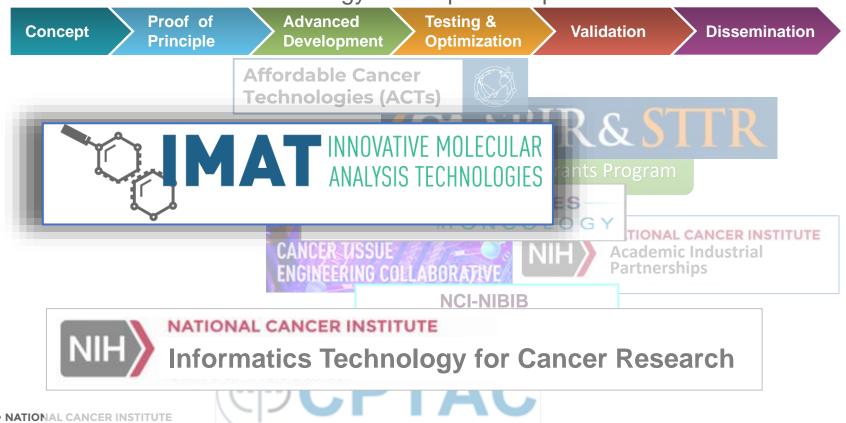
2. Recent Evaluation

Outline

3. Proposed Strategy Going Forward

Ongoing NCI Support for Technology Development

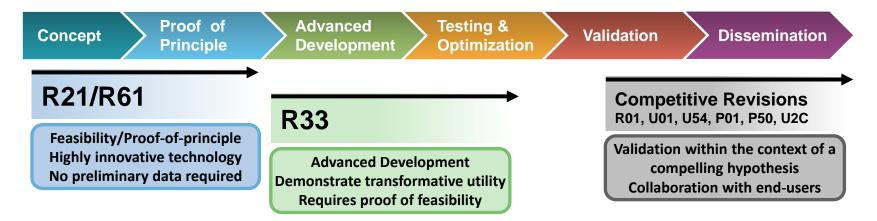
Technology Development Pipeline



IMAT Mission and Structure

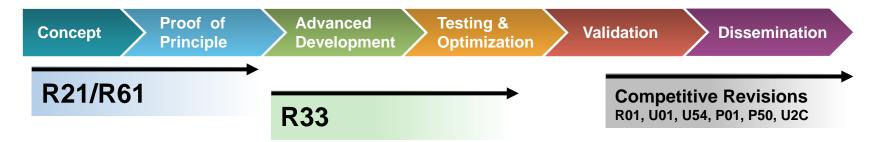
Program Mission:

Catalyze multidisciplinary development of highly innovative technologies to grapple with the complexity of cancer biology and to create new possibilities for the fight against cancer.



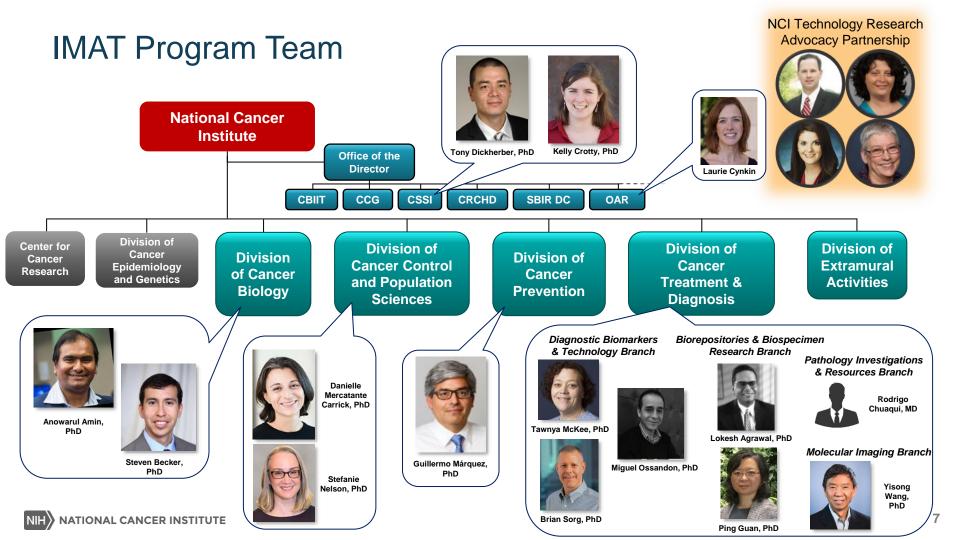
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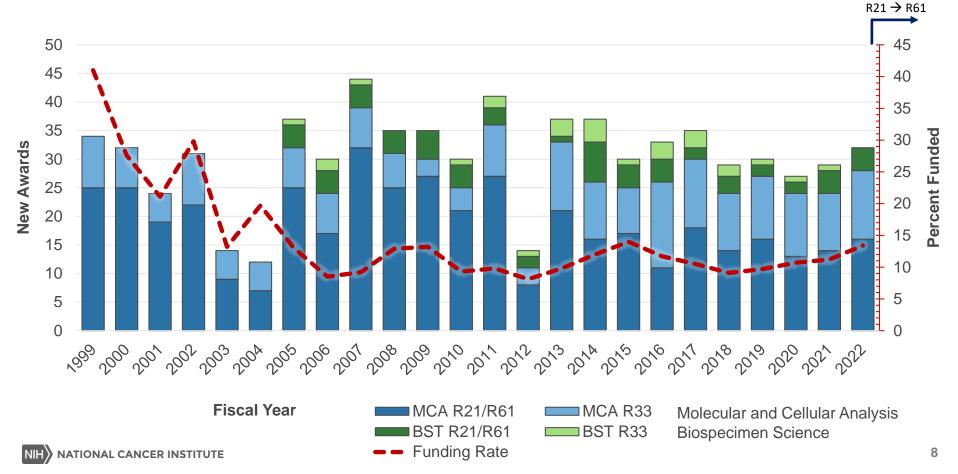


IMAT fills a unique role by supporting:

- technology development in the earliest stages
- tools that could make an impact anywhere in cancer research
- high risk/high impact projects



IMAT Award History



IMAT Award History

2002 2003 2004

Conditionally reprogrammed cells (CRC); R Schlegel Vortex Chip; D di Carlo MOW-ChIP-seq; C Lu

Crainbow Mouse; M Caron & J Snyder

Duplex sequencing; *L Loeb* Multiplexed Ion-Beam Imaging (**MIBI**); *G Nolan*

2018 2019

Glycan profiling on tissue; R Drake

Single nucleotide Sequencing (snSeq); A Regev

2020

2021 2022

Imaging Mass Spectrometry (IMS); *R Caprioli* DNA methylation hybridization (DMH); *T Huang* Methylated CpG-island Amplification (MCA); *JP Issa* COLD PCR; *M Makrigiorgos*

Multi-photon Intravital Imaging (**MPIVI**); *J Condeelis* DEP-FFF **(ApoCell)**; *P Gascoyne* Protease-activatable NIR probes; *CH Tung*

One-Bead One-Compound (OBOC); K Lam Isotope-Coded Affinity Tags (ICAT); R Aebersold Syncrotron Protein Footprinting; M Chance

2001

Dynamic Range Enhancement Applied to Mass Spec (**DREAMS**); *R Smith* Multidimensional protein ID technology (**MuDPIT**); *J Yates* Fluorophore-Assisted Light Inactivation (**FALI**); *D Jay* **Rolling Circle Amplification** (RCA); *P Lizardi* Interactome Mapping (**Gateway ORF**); PI: *M Vidal* Representational Oligonucleotide Microarray Analysis (**ROMA**); *M Wigler* **BeadChip & BeadArray**; *M Chee*

> ATIONAL CANCER INS Activity-based Protein Profiling; B Cravatt

2006

2005

2007

2008

 Single molecule molecular inversion probes (smMIPs); J Shendure

 Ultrasound-visible nanobubbles (SignalMark); S Blair

 Semiconducting polymer dots (pDots); D Chiu

 Oligo-selective Sequencing (OsSeq); H Ji

 NanoVelcro; HR Tseng

 Crosslinked amino acid analysis (xAAA); K Hansen

 NanoTrap; L Liotta

 Suspended Microchannel Resonators; S Manalis

 Cysteine oxidation probes (from KeraFast & Millipore); L Poole & C Furdui

 Salivary protein+RNA collection device (RNAPro-SAL); D Wong

 Integrated Genomics Viewer (IGV); W Hahn

Exclusion Combinatorial Refinement (ExCoR) for structural analysis; K Nettles

Oncomap (**OncoPanel**); *L Garraway* Genetically modified T-cells for ALL treatment; *L Cooper* **Micro-Metastasis Assay** 3D modeling system; *R Kamm* Isotopic labeling of metabolites for flux analysis; *J Rabinowitz* 3D imaging of collagen in TME; *P Keely*

Raindance Technologies; *D Link* Proximity Ligation Assay (PLA); *U Landegren* Digital Transcriptome Subtraction; *P Moore*

2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

GESTALT; J Breunig MasSpec Pen; L Eberlin MASEV; R Weissleder

> APEX; H Ji MINA; S Wang SlideSeq; F Chen

Unique Attributes of IMAT

- Solicitation:
 - Requests for Applications solicits proposals exclusively focused on technology development
 - Emphasis on innovative technology with transformative potential (i.e. high-risk, high-impact)
 - Program team has control over responsiveness
- Review:
 - RFA-specific review criteria emphasizes innovation and significance
 - Special emphasis panels recruited based on focus of submissions, oriented on IMAT mission and RFA-specific review criteria



1. IMAT Program Overview

Outline 2. Recent Evaluation

3. Proposed Strategy Going Forward

2023 IMAT Evaluation Panel



Wendell Lim, PhD Professor, Dept of Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology; Director, UCSF Center for Synthetic Immunology University of California San Francisco



Katherine Ferrara, MD Professor of Radiology Division Chief of Molecular Imaging Program Stanford University



Trey Ideker, PhD (Chair) Professor, Dept of Medicine; Adjunct Professor, Depts of Bioengineering and Computer Science; University of California San Diego



Peggy Farnham, PhD Chair and Professor of Biochemistry & Molecular Medicine W.M. Keck Chair in Biochemistry University of Southern California



Shelton Earp, MD Lineberger Professor of Cancer Research Director, UNC Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center University of North Carolina



David Tuveson, MD, PhD Roy J Zuckerberg Professor of Cancer Research Cancer Center Director Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory



Panel Evaluation Findings

- The IMAT program has a track record of impactful technology development
- There is continued interest in the program and consistently competitive funding rates
- The program is relatively successful in soliciting proposals from and funding young investigators
- Many IMAT investigators successfully transition to other NIH programs and/or commercialization to continue developing the technology
- The program team identifies and solicits applications in core areas of technology development where innovation is most needed

Panel Recommendations

- Improve alignment of review panels with the core IMAT mission to fund innovative technologies
- Enhance integration of IMAT with other NCI and NIH technology programs
- Increase efforts to market the IMAT program, both its success stories and funding opportunities
- Continue to encourage applications from early-stage NIH investigators
- Expand efforts to identify and target technology development areas that need funding

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Justification of Use of the RFA Mechanism

- Assurance of NCI interest in technology development
 - Address a specific need that other initiatives do not meet
- Control over responsiveness and review
 - Administrative responsiveness determination
 - Control review with special emphasis panels oriented towards program goals

Proposed Programmatic Changes

- Focus on innovation:
 - Continue categorizing applications by type of technology development to prioritize most innovative projects
 - Provide review panel with program background to align review with program goals
- Form technology interest group to coordinate outreach and connect with other NCI programs
- Leverage ongoing activities such as Ideas Labs and NCI workshops to identify technology gaps across cancer research
- Explore opportunities to further support technology development by young investigators

Summary of Request

Funding Opportunity (3 reissuances each – FY25 - 27)	Award Type	Est. Awards/ Year	Est. 1 st Year Total Costs
Early-Stage Innovative Molecular & Cellular Analysis Technologies for Cancer Research (up to 3-year project period)	R61	18	\$4.2M
Advanced Development and Validation of Emerging Molecular & Cellular Analysis Technologies for Cancer Research (3-year)	R33	10	\$4.5M
Early-Stage Innovative Technologies for Cancer-Relevant Biospecimen Science (3-year)	R61	3	\$800k
Advanced Development and Validation of Emerging Technologies for Cancer Biospecimen Sciences (3-year)	R33	2	\$1M
Competitive Revisions (up to 2-year project period)	Revision to R01, U01, P50, P30	2	\$500k
Total		35	\$11M



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