

Approaches to Identify and Care for Individuals with Inherited Cancer Syndromes

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Board of Scientific
Advisors

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Blue Ribbon Panel Recommendation:

Cancer Prevention and Early Detection in Individuals at High Risk for Cancer

Recommendation:

- Sponsor initiatives to improve the current state of genetic counseling and testing, prevention, early detection, and knowledge landscape for those with an inherited predisposition.

Goals:

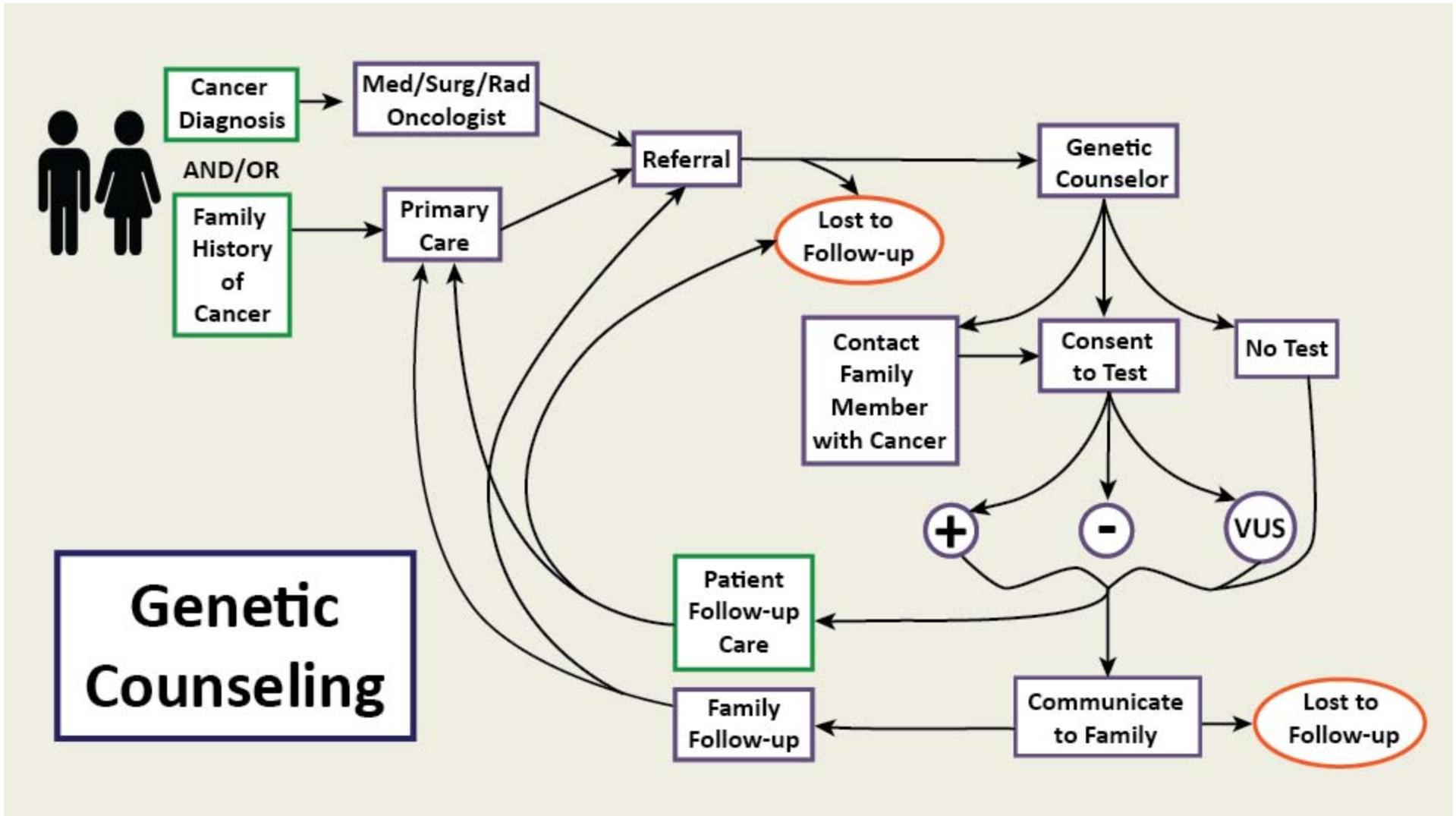
- Increase case ascertainment for proband and at-risk relatives
- Improve the delivery of evidence-based services
 - Genetic counseling
 - Preventive & early detection services
 - On-going surveillance

Blue Ribbon Panel Recommendation:

Cancer Prevention and Early Detection in Individuals at High Risk for Cancer

Background:

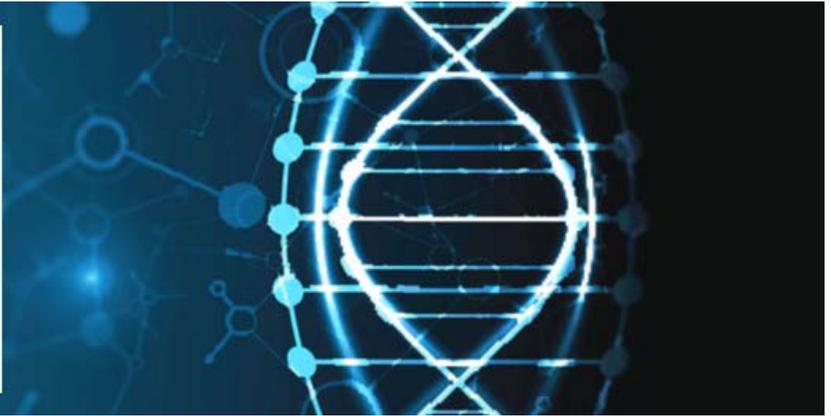
- Inherited susceptibility to cancer ~ 10% of all cancers
- Under-utilization of cancer genetic counseling & testing
- Cancers associated with multiple genetic syndromes
- Increasing complexity of genetic testing over the past 2 decades
 - From single gene to multi-gene panel tests and tumor sequencing



APPROACHES TO BLUE RIBBON PANEL RECOMMENDATIONS:

The Case of Lynch Syndrome

February 22-23, 2017 | Rockville, MD



Workshop Take-Away Messages

- Requirements:
 - Broad-based screening approach for hereditary cancers
 - Multiple paths for ascertainment
 - Sustainable care delivery processes (ascertainment & follow-up care)
 - Multiple approaches required to meet the needs for variety of healthcare settings and diverse populations
- Lynch Syndrome demonstration projects conducted
 - Statewide program (Ohio)
 - Integrative health care systems (Kaiser, Geisinger)
- Gaps noted: follow-up care, sustainability, and implementation in diverse health care settings, real-world approaches

RFA: Approaches to Identify and Care for Individuals with Inherited Cancer Syndromes

AIMS:

1. Develop and test strategies to increase case ascertainment of hereditary cancers through different approaches.
2. Develop and adopt evidence-based health care delivery models for cancer prevention and detection, cascade testing of relatives and follow-up care.
3. Test sustainable strategies to improve implementation across diverse health care settings and populations.
4. Identify demonstration metrics for successful and sustainable ascertainment, consultation and interpretation of genetic testing.

RFA: Approaches to Identify and Care for Individuals with Inherited Cancer Syndromes

- **Research Interests – Including but not limited to:**
 - Variety of health care delivery settings
 - Address spectrum of hereditary cancer syndromes
 - Focus on continuum of care – determine best strategies for coordinated and sustainable care from ascertainment through follow-up
 - Outreach to diverse communities – racial/ethnic minorities, low socioeconomic communities, rural, etc.
 - Examine behavioral/psychological impact on patients and families
 - Care transitions

RFA: Approaches to Identify and Care for Individuals with Inherited Cancer Syndromes

- **Solicits multi-PI U01 application**
 - Requires multidisciplinary expertise to cover the multifaceted challenges of care coordination in this patient population.
 - NCI expertise across inherited cancer syndromes, genomics, health care delivery and consortia will facilitate work across studies.
- **Funded investigators will meet annually**
 - Share study implementation challenges/successes and findings
- **Required data sharing with existing NIH resources**
- **Requested funding**
 - \$4M per year (total \$20M) to fund up to 4 applications

RFA Evaluation Criteria

- Data sharing across the funded sites and more broadly to the general research community as measured by enhancement of existing data repositories
- Evidence of research productivity and impact
- Increase in implementation science applications addressing the totality of clinical care
- Evidence of increased and sustained clinically justified referrals to genetic counseling and outreach to a diverse patient population

Portfolio Analysis

NCI-wide portfolio analysis focused on case ascertainment in hereditary cancers and syndromes and health care delivery

1R01CA197784 Comparison of 3 Modes of Genetic Counseling in High-Risk Public Hospital Patient	U01HG007282 (co-funded) Implementation, Adoption, and Utility of Family History in Diverse Care Settings
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Study the integration of a clinic-based tool into the electronic health record▪ Hereditary Breast and Ovarian▪ Goal: improve accuracy of risk perception, facilitate referrals for specialized risk counseling, and increase chemoprevention uptake in patients at risk for breast cancer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Study the integration of patient-driven and electronic collection of family health history for risk stratification▪ Heart disease and selected cancers▪ Goal: promote informed decision making by patients and providers in diverse care settings and improve adherence to risk-stratified preventive care guidelines

Summary

- **Blue Ribbon Panel Recommendation and Workshop**

- Improve the current state of genetic counseling and testing
- Emphasized sustainability and follow-up care for high-risk individuals in a variety of care settings

- **RFA**

- Aims to test and disseminate methods to improve ascertainment and delivery of evidence-based services for those with hereditary cancer syndromes
- Encourages the development of sustainable approaches in diverse care settings and populations

Investment will support scalable approaches for a variety of practice settings

BSA Subcommittee Recommendations

- **Research emphasis**

- Emphasize the broad approach to inherited syndromes
- Transition points in care in vulnerable periods (e.g. peds to adults)
- Human behavior component: Include investigations of impact of counseling and testing on patient and family and how responses may differ across populations

- **Mechanism**

- Consider stagger RFA release with 1-2 grants funded in Year 1 and remainder in Year 2
- Budget



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