U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

# Overview – The Life Cycle of Programs at the NCI-Frederick

NCI-Frederick Advisory Committee January 25, 2012



## **Initiation of New Programs at NCI-Frederick**

- Ideas for new research programs come from the NCI Divisions, Offices, and Centers (DOCs).
- As appropriate, advice and input on concepts for new programs are obtained by the DOCs.
- The DOCs are responsible for funding each new program.
- New program concepts are often discussed with NCI-Frederick staff (both government and contractor) to help sort out the implementation details - but the final statement of work (SOW) for the new program is the responsibility of the DOCs.
- New projects are brought to the NCI-Frederick through an electronic request system called Yellow Tasks.



## **Initiation of New Programs (cont.)**

- Requests to initiate new programs (Yellow Tasks) are sent to the NCI-Frederick Project Officer (PO) and Contracting Officer (CO) to determine;
  - Is the effort within the scope or special competency of the FFRDC?
  - Does capacity exist to carry out the effort?
  - Is the work considered inherently governmental?
  - Does funding exist for the project?
  - Are the costs proposed reasonable, allowable and allocable?
  - Can the work be accomplished most effectively as a grant, contract, or through the FFRDC?



#### **Initiation of New Programs (cont.)**

- Following approval of the Yellow Task by the NCI PO and CO the proposed programs are brought to the OTS contractor who will determine how to proceed with the effort
  - To facilitate complicated or large programs the contractor may develop a project team composed of both government and contractor staff.
  - The contractor/project team may recommend to perform the effort in-house (NCI-Frederick) or choose to outsource the requirement.
  - If the effort is outsourced the contractor would openly solicit and evaluate all proposals following commercial best practices which generally follow the spirit and intent of the normal NIH/NCI procurement processes found in the NIH Policy Manual.
  - The final source selection is made by the contractor but the process and final selection may be reviewed and concurred to by the NCI CO and PO.



#### **Monitoring of Programs at the NCI-Frederick**

- The monitoring of dedicated research programs at the NCI-Frederick is the responsibility of the sponsoring NCI DOCs.
- The appropriate source of advice and frequency of monitoring of dedicated research programs is determined by the DOCs.
- The monitoring of shared-service programs at the NCI-Frederick is the responsibility of the NCI-Frederick Office of Scientific Operations (OSO).
  - Advanced Technology Program (ATP)
  - AIDS and Cancer Virus Program (ACVP)
  - Laboratory Animal Sciences Program (LASP)



#### **Monitoring of Shared-service Programs**

- Advanced Technology Program (ATP)
  - Since 1998 complete review of all laboratories every 3 years
  - Review committees are composed of NCI/NIH users (PIs) and outside experts (50/50)
  - Reviews cover administration cost, personnel, core services, technology development, and value added to NCI
- AIDS and Cancer Virus Program (ACVP)
  - Review of both the PI research effort and core service laboratories every 3 years - conducted by the NCI Board of Scientific Counselors (BSC)
- Laboratory Animal Sciences Program (LASP)
  - Annual review of selected parts of the program done by contracted outside experts



### **Monitoring of Dedicated Programs**

- Dr. Grodzinski Office of Nanotechnology Research (OCNR), CSSI; Nanotechnology Characterization Laboratory (NCL)
- Dr. Doroshow Division of Cancer Treatment and Diagnosis (DCTD)
- Dr. Wiltrout Center for Cancer Research (CCR)

