NCI Director's Update

Frederick National Lab Advisory Committee October 24, 2019

Douglas R. Lowy, M.D. Acting Director

@TheNCI @NCIDrDougLowy

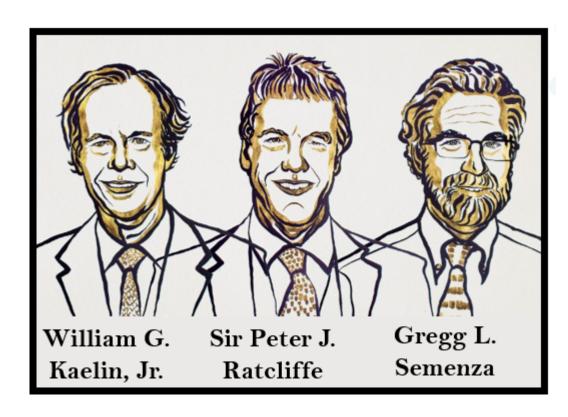


Topics on FNLAC Meeting Agenda: All focused on FNLCR

- AIDS and cancer virus program
- Discussion of strategies for developing "RAS-like" projects
- New precision medicine initiatives
- Basic science program
- HPV serology
- Biopharmaceutical program
- Laboratory Animal Sciences Program



The Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine 2019



For their discovery of how cells can sense and adapt to changing oxygen availability, which paved the way for promising new strategies to fight anemia, cancer and many other diseases.

"Bill Kaelin, known as a gracious mentor and generous collaborator, is the model of the physician-scientist we need."

> - W. Marston Linehan, M.D.

"...Bill has been and continues to be a fierce advocate of rigor and reproducibility. His commitment to those ideals has always been unwavering."

- Douglas R. Lowy, M.D.



The Washington Post

Democracy Dies in Darkness

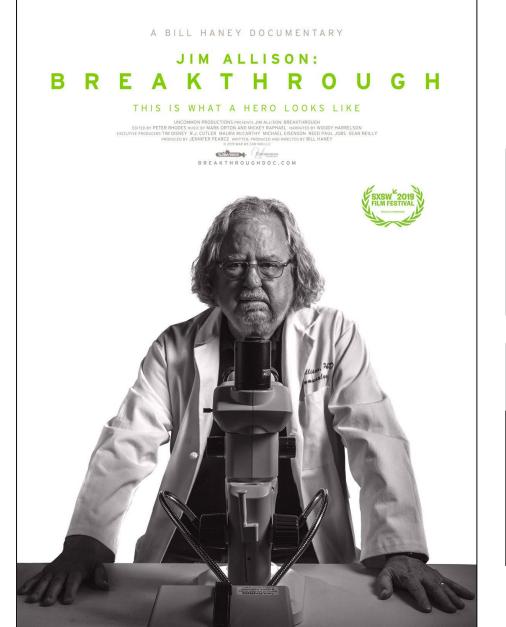
Movies • Review

Four stars for a cancer documentary? Yes, 'Jim Allison: Breakthrough' is that good.



Film Review: 'Jim Allison: Breakthrough'

Filmmaker Bill Haney takes an effectively straightforward approach to fashioning a respectful portrait of maverick cancer researcher James P. Allison.



The New Hork Times

'Jim Allison: Breakthrough' Review: Taking On Cancer

He won a Nobel Prize for his discoveries in immunotherapy. This documentary shows how he got there.

HOUSTON CHRONICLE

Houston scientist Jim Allison makes for a compelling star in 'Breakthrough' documentary



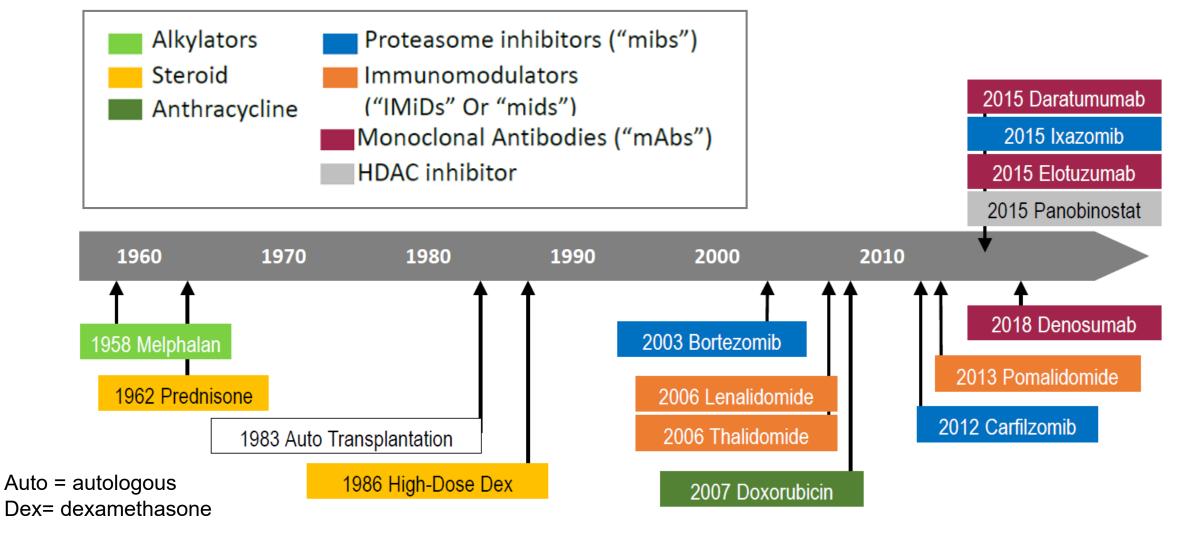
Andrew Dansby Oct. 1, 2019

Evidence of improved nationwide, treatment-associated outcomes using SEER "real world" data

- Multiple Myeloma
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Melanoma

Special thanks to Kathy Cronin, NCI.

Timeline of FDA approvals for multiple myeloma

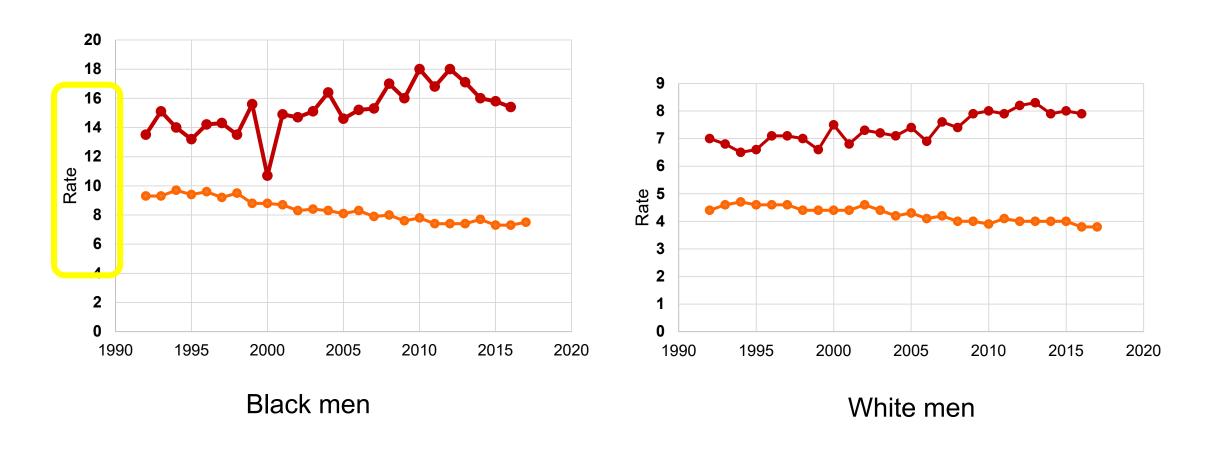


Tariman, J. NursClin North Am. 2017;52(1):65-81. DRUGS@FDA.gov



Multiple Myeloma Incidence and Mortality in Men

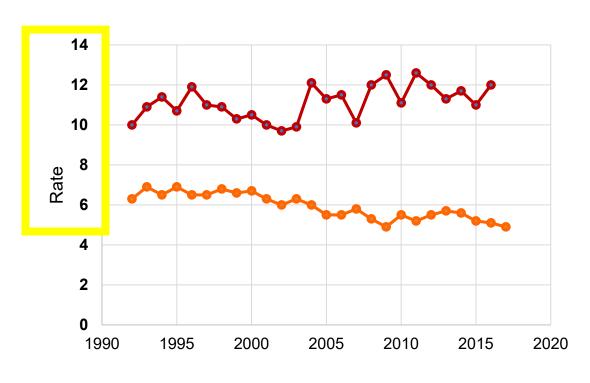
Mortality is decreasing similarly for Black men and White men



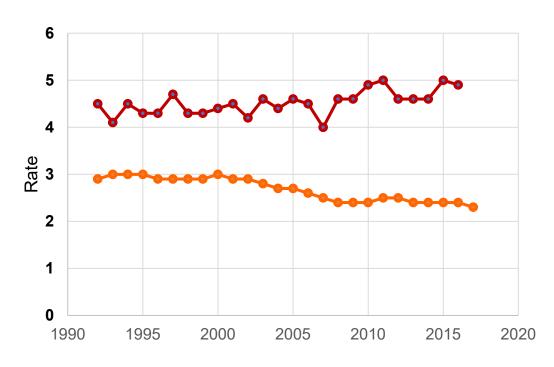


Multiple Myeloma Incidence and Mortality in Women

Mortality is decreasing similarly for Black women and White women



Black women



White women

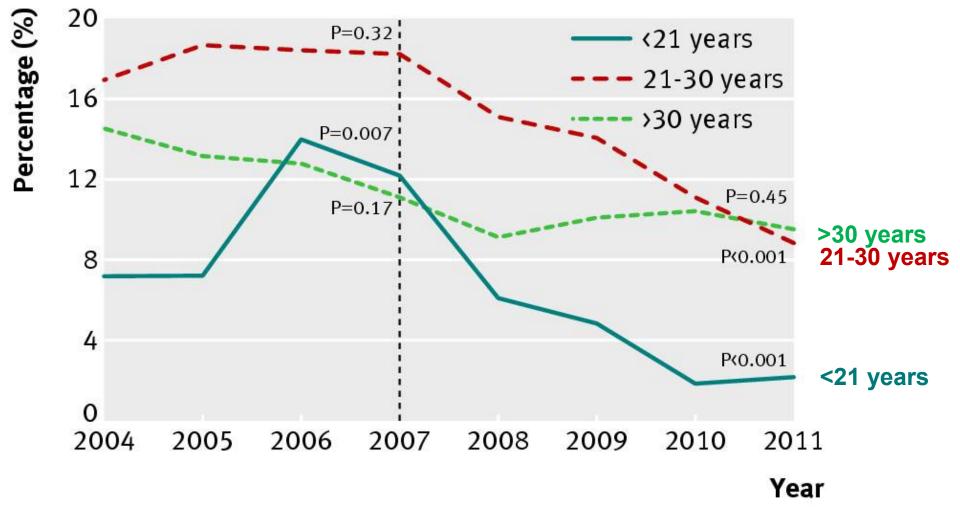
Goals of HPV Vaccination

- Directly reduce risk of infection and disease in vaccinees
- Indirectly reduce risk by reducing prevalence of "HPV vaccine types" in general population (herd immunity)



Herd Immunity:

Decreased incidence of genital warts in heterosexual Australian men following female HPV vaccine implementation in 2007

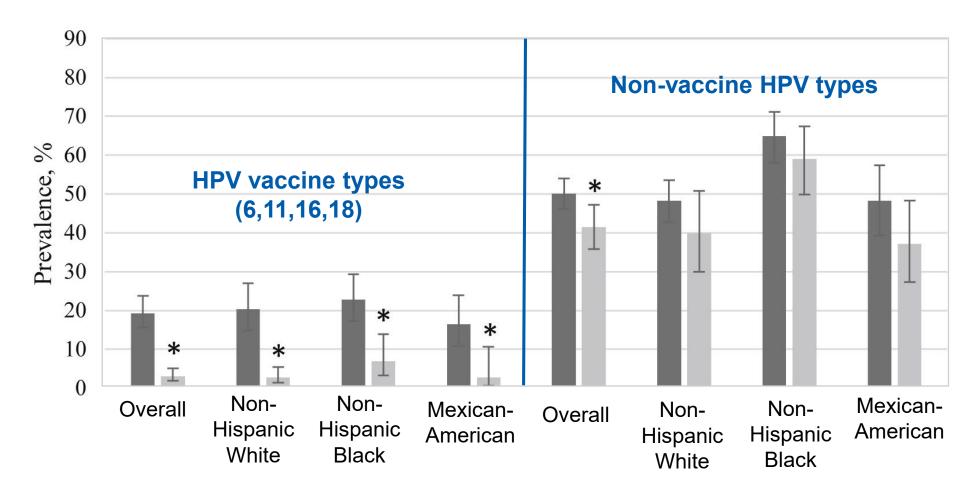




Herd immunity in USA: >80% reduction in prevalence of HPV vaccine types among 14-19 year old sexually active women of whom only 55% had been vaccinated

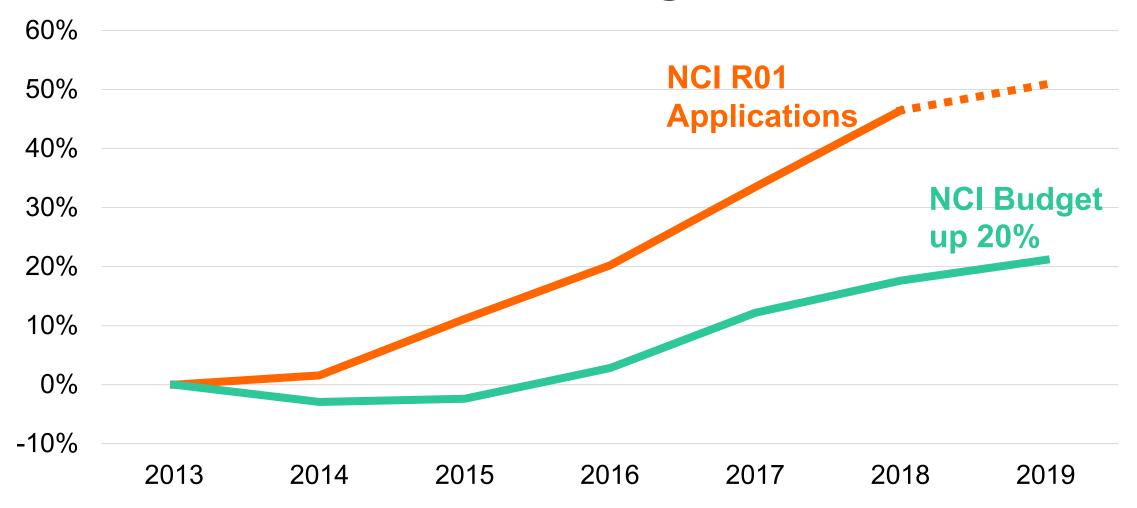
2003-2006

2013-2016



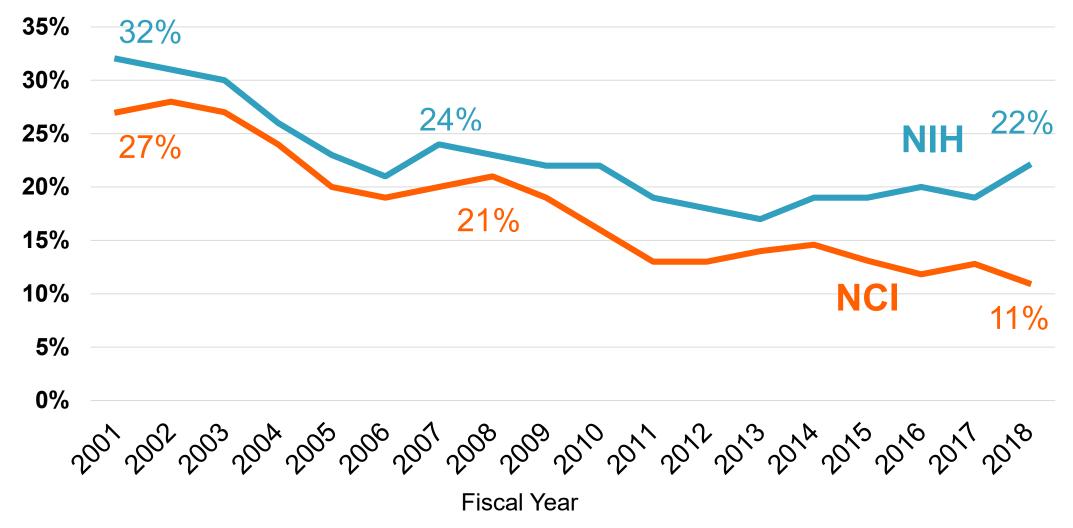
McClung, et al. Journal of Adolescent Health https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jadohealth.2019.07.003

Competing R01 applications vs. budgets for NCI & RPGs: Percent change since FY 2013



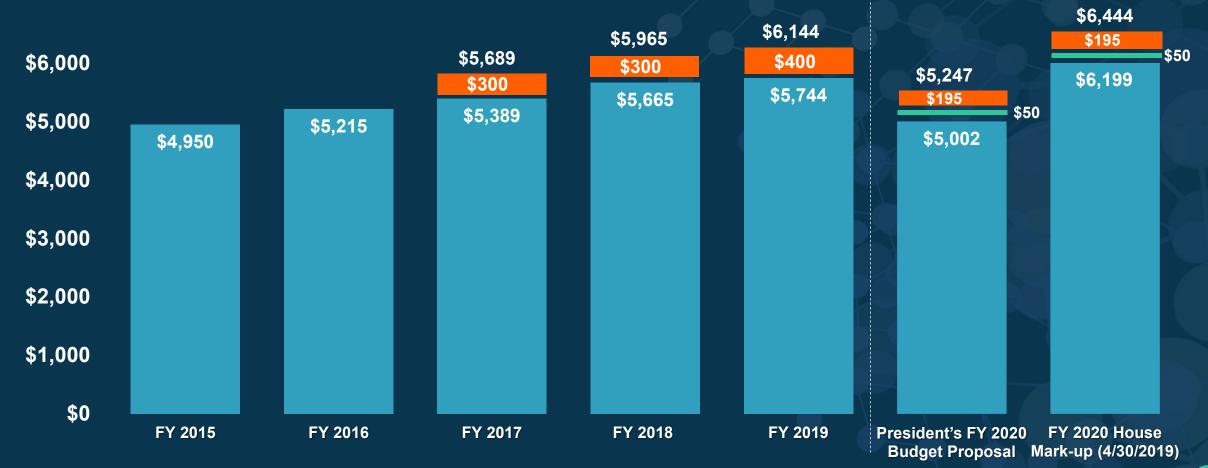


Success Rates for NIH & NCI Grant Applications Data include all RPGs, including SBIR/STTR



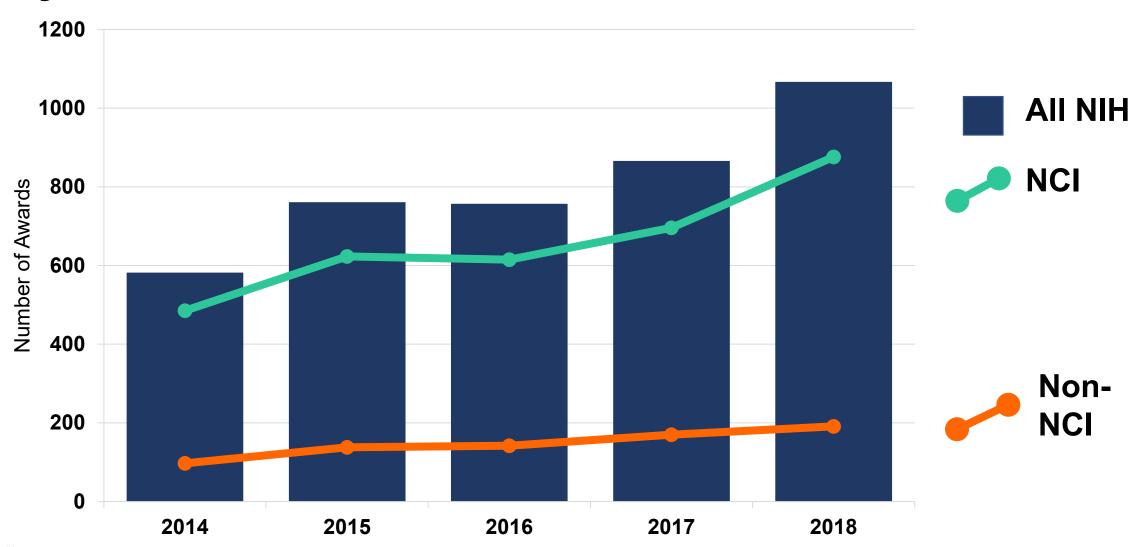
NCI Appropriations FY 2015 – 2020 (in millions)

21st Century Cures Act - orange Childhood Cancer Initiative - green





Pediatric cancer research conducted or supported by NCI/NIH: 2014 - 2018



Childhood Cancer Research Presidential Initiative



- President's FY 2020 budget proposal includes \$50M.
- White House has convened several stakeholder events.
- NCI held a stakeholder meeting in July 2019.
- Planning is underway in anticipation of funding.



Critical Importance of Pediatric Cancer Data

Even our most effective treatments don't work for all patients

Virtually no progress for some cancer types

Short- and long-term adverse effects of cancer and its treatment

Improve
understanding of why
some cancers develop
resistance or don't
respond to treatment

Generate new ideas for interventions

Identify less toxic treatments and strategies for management



NCI Bottom Line: A Blog About Grants & More

New blog featuring 1-2 posts per month addressing:

- budget- and funding-related milestones
- funding trends and patterns
- emerging policy or fiscal issues
- analyses of NCI's grants portfolio

Subscribe at cancer.gov.



NCI Bottom Line: A Blog about Grants and More

Subscribe

This grantee-focused blog covers the latest on NCI's fiscal landscape, funding decisions, grants policy news, processes, and more.



Envisioning NCI's Future: Annual Plan and Budget Proposal for FY 2021

October 8, 2019, by L. Michelle Bennett, Ph.D.

For this edition of the NCI Bottom Line, Dr. Michelle Bennett, director of NCI's Center for Research Strategy, provides an overview of NCI's FY2021 Annual Plan and Budget Proposal. In the blog, Dr. Bennett highlights priorities from the Plan that are especially relevant to current and future NCI-funded researchers, including supporting more investigator-initiated research and maximizing opportunities in emerging areas of science.

Continue Reading >





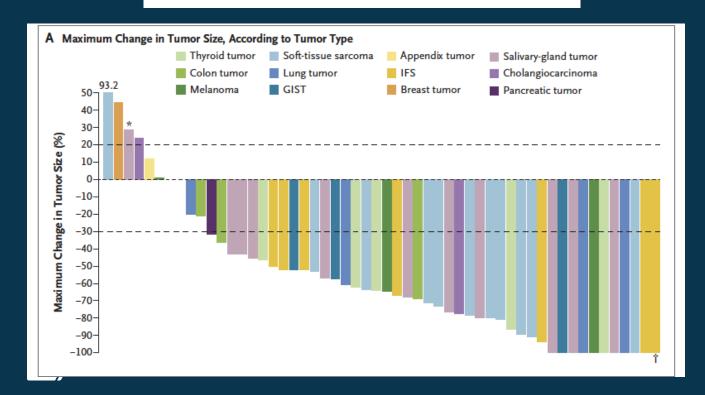


The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

Efficacy of Larotrectinib in TRK Fusion– Positive Cancers in Adults and Children

A. Drilon, T.W. Laetsch, S. Kummar, S.G. DuBois, U.N. Lassen, G.D. Demetri,
M. Nathenson, R.C. Doebele, A.F. Farago, A.S. Pappo, B. Turpin, A. Dowlati,
M.S. Brose, L. Mascarenhas, N. Federman, J. Berlin, W.S. El-Deiry, C. Baik,
J. Deeken, V. Boni, R. Nagasubramanian, M. Taylor, E.R. Rudzinski,
F. Meric-Bernstam, D.P.S. Sohal, P.C. Ma, L.E. Raez, J.F. Hechtman, R. Benayed,
M. Ladanyi, B.B. Tuch, K. Ebata, S. Cruickshank, N.C. Ku, M.C. Cox,
D.S. Hawkins, D.S. Hong, and D.M. Hyman

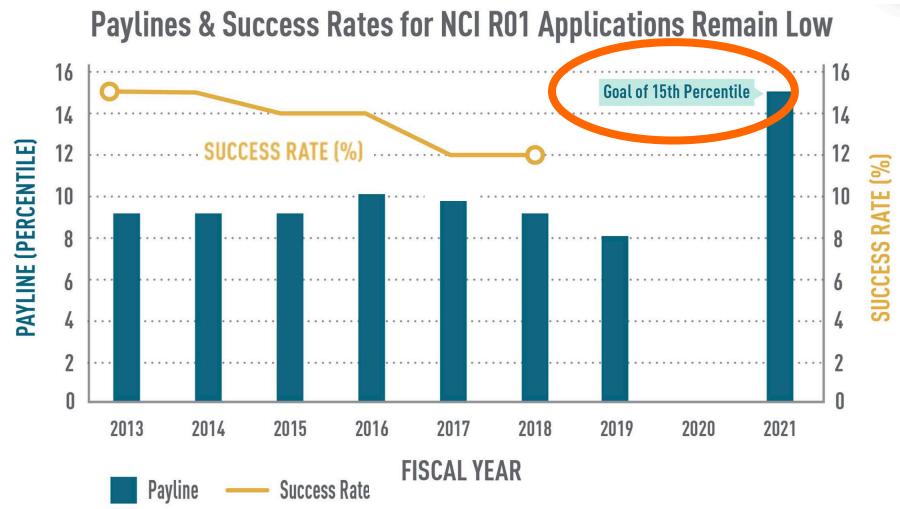
N ENGL J MED 378;8 NEJM.ORG FEBRUARY 22, 2018



- FDA approved in November 2018; NCI supported the basic & clinical research
- Approved for adults and children for any tumor type that has the abnormal TRK fusion protein
- Most patients treated with the inhibitor have durable responses that increase their life expectancy



Professional Judgment Budget Proposal Fiscal Year 2021



21

Open Access to Cancer Moonshot Publications



16 AUGUST 2019 VOL 365, ISSUE 6454

NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

SCIENTIFIC PUBLISHING

Open access takes root at National Cancer Institute

Cancer Moonshot program requires grantees to provide immediate free access to papers they publish

"People aren't

website" for

Dinah Singer,

going to look at

everybody else's

moonshot papers.

National Cancer Institute

By Jocelyn Kaiser

he long-standing debate over open access to research results has been marked by a geographic divide. In Europe, some public funders have launched a high-profile open-access initiative, dubbed Plan S, that would ultimately require grantees to publish only in journals that immediately make papers free to all. But in the United States, federal agencies have stuck to a decade-old policy that allows grantees to publish in journals that keep papers behind a paywall for up to 1 year. Now, the divide is starting to blur, with one prominent U.S. research program

starting to require immediate open access to the peer-reviewed publications it funds.

The policy is part of the Cancer Moonshot program at the National Cancer Institute (NCI) in Bethesda, Maryland, the 7-year, \$1.8 billion research initiative spearheaded in 2016 by then-Vice President Joe Biden after his son Beau died of brain cancer.

Biden felt that broader data sharing would speed cancer research, and after hearing

(The agency later realized this paper hadn't been funded by the moonshot.) At first, NCI considered accepting two free sharing strategies allowed by many paywalled journals: Researchers can either publish a draft manuscript in an online preprint repository or post the final accepted paper on their own website. But officials decided that "people aren't going to look at everybody else's website" for papers, Singer says. Instead, NCI opted for a "strictly" openaccess policy, with rare exceptions.

The policy says moonshot authors can publish in either a fully open-access journal or a hybrid journal that publishes both free and paywalled papers. The authors

> can also include in their grant budgets the fees that open-access journals charge for peer review and other costs, usually about \$2000 to \$3000 per paper.

> NCI says it wants to enable grantees to publish in highly selective journals, including Nature, Science, and Cell, that don't offer open access, and it has been

discussing options with such journals. Cell



Intellectual property, foreign threats

America's colleges and universities are aggressively addressing foreign threats

August 22, 2019

Michael A. McRobbie, President of Indiana University Morton Schapiro, President of Northwestern University



No, I won't start spying on my foreign-born students August 30, 2019

Lee C. Bollinger, President of Columbia University



Thoughts on How Institutions Can Promote a Culture of Research Integrity

August 15, 2019

Mike Lauer, Deputy Director for Extramural Research, NIH





Recent Leadership Appointments

Director, Committee Management Office Joy Wiszneauckas

Director, Center for Global Health Satish Gopal, M.D. (pending NIH approvals)



Leadership Vacancies

Associate Director, Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program (CTEP)

Meg Mooney, Acting

Director, Division of Cancer Prevention (DCP)

Debbie Winn, Acting

Director, Division of Cancer Biology (DCB)

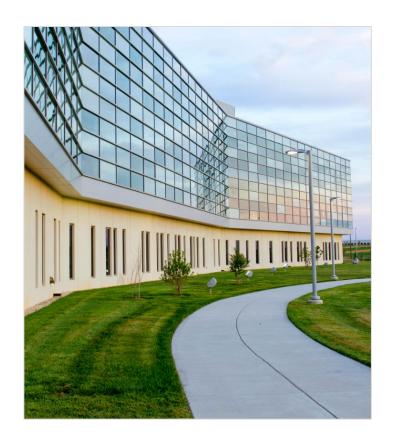
Daniel Gallahan, Acting



Director, Division of Cancer Biology

- Executive Recruitment
- Announcement open 9/3/19 to 11/1/19
- https://hr.nih.gov/jobs/search/job-1560101

Save the Date





3rd RAS Initiative Symposium June 8-10, 2020

Frederick National Laboratory for Cancer Research

FNL Task Orders Awarded August 30

Research efforts for NCI plus:

NHGRI	
NHLBI	
NIA	
NIAMS	
NIGMS	
NEI	

NINDS NICHD NIDCD NIEHS NIMH NIAID NIDCR
NIDDK
NIH Clinical Center
NCATS
USACHEHR (Army)
USDA



Re-imagining FNLCR



How can the unique capabilities of FNLCR can best support the NCI mission and serve the broad NCI research community—both intramurally and extramurally?



NCI Vision for FNLCR

FNLCR is envisioned to function in support of the NCI mission with three fundamental tasks:

- to provide to NCI-supported investigators access to services, tools, and resources not readily available to individual labs
- 2. to serve as a hub for technology development
- 3. to function as a nucleus for large-scale projects as necessary





www.cancer.gov www.cancer.gov/espanol