Predoc to Postdoc (P2P) Primary Transition Award (K21/K00)

Jonathan S. Wiest, Ph.D. Director, Center for Cancer Training

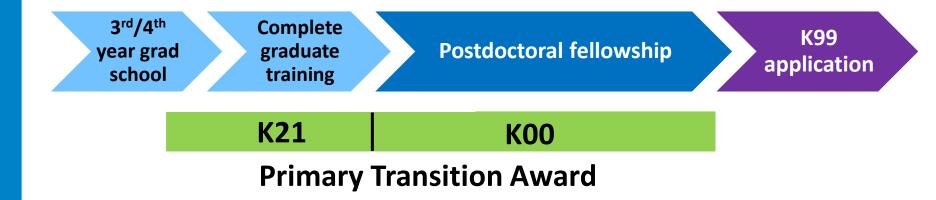
Background

- Unsustainable biomedical workforce expansion
- Doubling in students receiving doctorates in basic biomedical sciences, and tripling in postdoctoral fellows in these fields
- Average age of 1st-time PhD Pls on R01s stabilized at 42 yrs
- No significant increase in open tenure-track faculty positions
- Bright individuals opting for careers outside academic research

Objectives

- Cancer research career needs to be seen as rewarding, valuable, and viable
- Identify best and brightest
- Engage and retain in cancer research community
- Establish new transition award for late-stage graduate students to transition to postdoctoral studies
- Position trainees for a K99/R00 award

Award Elements



- Support levels that exceed current NRSA stipends
- Portable and allow flexibility in selecting postdoctoral training opportunities

National Cancer Institute

Review

- K21 application (Predoc Stage):
 - Quality of applicant, academic and publication record
 - Recommendation letters
 - Brief description of current research
- K21 to K00 transition (Postdoc Stage):
 - Proposal includes:
 - Proposed mentor's support
 - Short research description for postdoc training
 - Mentor to hold R01-equivalent grant
 - Approval at discretion of NCI PD

Program Evaluation Criteria

- Team of external educators
- SciENcv use
- Quantitative metrics
 - Short-term, mid-term, long-term
 - Productivity and bibliometrics
- Qualitative data
 - Surveys
 - In-depth interviews of participants, graduate student advisors, and postdoc mentors

Program Evaluation Criteria, cont.

Quantitative Metrics

- Short-term: PhD completion rate, time to degree, transition to K00 rate, postdoc in cancer research
- Mid-term: K99 application success, R00 transition rate
- Long-term: First RPG and R01 application success, age at first R01 award, time to tenure
- Bibliometrics and scientific productivity

Program Evaluation Criteria, cont.

Qualitative Data

- Surveys, in-depth interviews of participants
- Productivity measures, professional activities, leadership roles, career development activities, awards and recognition
- Surveys and interviews of graduate student advisors and postdoc mentors

Justification for an RFA

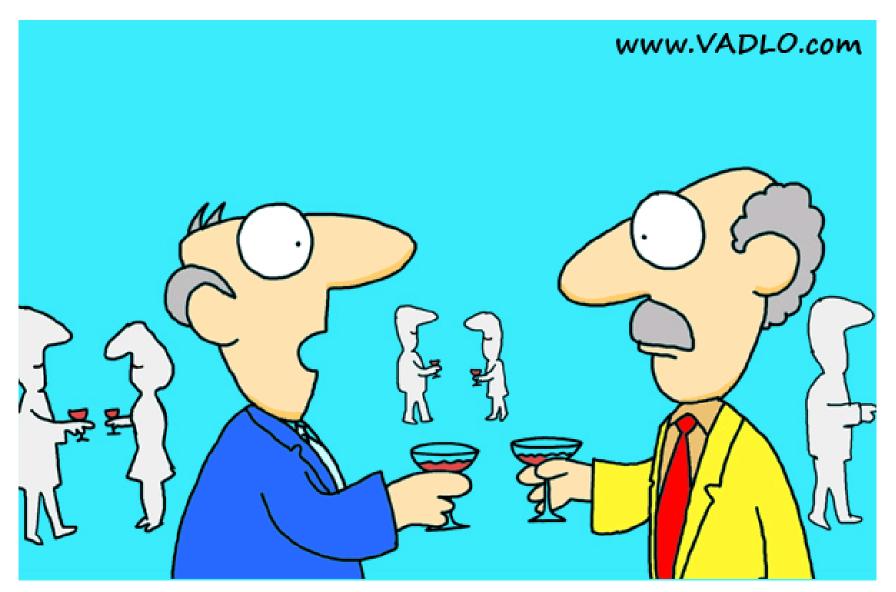
- RFA notifies extramural community of intended size and scope
- RFA demonstrates NCI's commitment to early career development
- Re-activates an existing code and develops a new transition funding program
- Anticipate up to 30 awards per year

Budget Proposal

30 awards per year; total cost for RFA is 51M

- Propose one receipt date per year for five years
- Each cohort will cost \$10.2M
- Salary (\$30,000) and tuition (\$16,000) for grad students gives a cost of \$46,000 per year. Costs also include \$1,500 per year for travel to NCI meetings.
- Salary for postdocs starts at \$50,000 and increases to \$60,000 by year six. Costs include \$5,000 per year for tuition and \$1,500 per year for travel to NCI meetings.

Questions?



"I have trained dozens of Postdocs. One of them even got a faculty position!"

Program Framework



Inputs

- Applicant characteristics and demographics
- Mentor characteristics and demographics
- Budget for 30 awards/yr

Activities

- Complete PhD
- Participate in annual NCI workshop
- Transition to K00
- Participate in scientific and professional development activities to be positioned to apply for K99

Short-term Outcomes

- PhD completion rate
- Time to degree
- Transition rate to K00
- Postdoc research in cancer field
- Scientific productivity

Mid-term Outcomes

- Success rates for K99/R00
- Transition to R00
- Continuation in cancer research field
- Scientific productivity

Long-term Outcomes

- Success rates for first RPG and R01
- Age at first R01equivalent award
- Time to tenure
- Continuation in cancer research field
- Scientific productivity

Impact

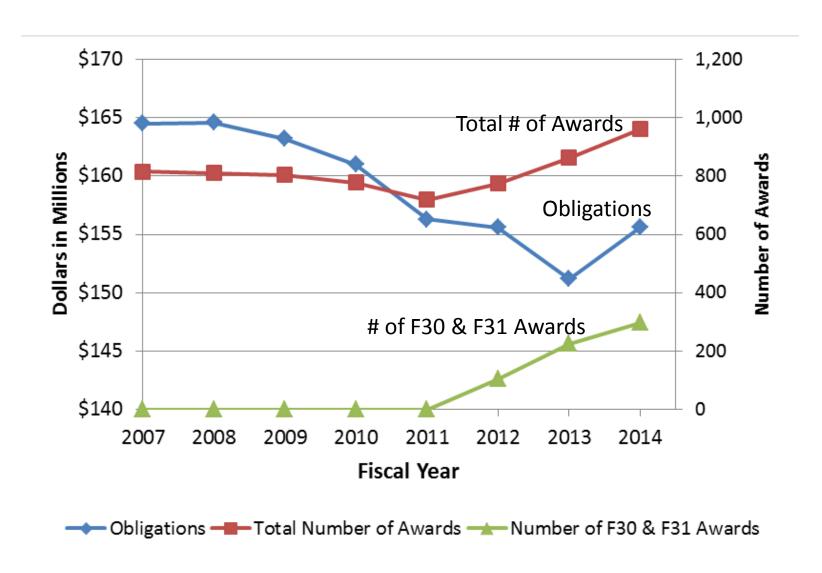
- Established clear pathway for research independence
- Compressed timeline to independence
- Best and brightest retained in cancer research

Evaluated qualitatively throughout the program through surveys and in-depth interviews of trainees and mentors

- Career development
- Leadership roles
- Mentorship

- Scientific training
- Productivity/accomplishments
- Professional identity

CTB Budget and Awards



Allocation for FY15 is ~\$155M.

CTB Funding History

	in FY11 - FY14:	FY 20	011			FY 2013						
МЕСН	# OF APPS	APPS FUNDED	PAYLINE	SUCCESS RATE	DOLLAR AMOUNT	МЕСН	# OF APPS	APPS FUNDED	PAYLINE / %TILE	SUCCESS RATE	DOLLAR AMOUNT	
F30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F30	110	42	24	38%	\$2,550,5	
F31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F31	299	83	30	28%	\$4,096,5	
F32	288	60	27	21%	\$3,306,500	F32	268	54	29	20%	\$3,219,0	
T32	84	33	24	39%	\$12,300,479	T32	68	16	26	24%	\$5,957,7	
К05	8	5	24	63%	\$788,307	K05	13	2	22	15%	\$175,8	
K07	69	15	27	22%	\$2,265,560	K07	77	21	31	27%	\$3,152,	
к08	84	28	23	33%	\$4,486,875	К08	61	16	30	26%	\$2,697,8	
K12	9	4	24	44%	\$2,584,390	K12	11	5	22	45%	\$3,960,0	
K18	3	1	14	33%	\$117,208	K18	1	0	20	0%		
K22	23	3	22	13%	\$521,988	K22	49	4	23	8%	\$637,	
K23	40	8	27	20%	\$1,324,270	K23	32	4	26	13%	\$659,	
K24	4	1	21	25%	\$198,671	K24	7	2	20	29%	\$337,	
K25	25	3	20	12%	\$294,911	K25	13	4	24	31%	\$679,	
К99	158	32	27	20%	\$3,536,010	К99	135	34	32	25%	\$2,883,	
R25E	45	9	21	20%	\$2,794,409	R25E	54	13	25	24%	\$3,688,	
R25T	20	8	24	40%	\$3,612,778	R25T	14	5	20	36%	\$2,180,	
TOTAL	860	210			\$38,132,356	TOTAL	1212	305			\$36,875,	
		FY 20	012			FY 2014						
МЕСН	# OF APPS	APPS FUNDED	PAYLINE / %TILE	SUCCESS RATE	DOLLAR AMOUNT	MECH	# OF APPS	APPS FUNDED	PAYLINE / %TILE	SUCCESS RATE	DOLLAR AMOUNT	
F30	124	35	29	28%	\$1,243,099	F30	84	40	32	48%	\$1,936,	
F31	307	72	28	23%	\$2,343,949	F31	279	92	33	33%	\$3,843,	
F32	261	57	29	22%	\$2,386,500	F32	229	57	29	25%	\$3,108,	
T32	73	27	25	37%	\$8,642,033	T32	58	21	30	36%	\$9,085	
К05	14	3	30	21%	\$463,838	K05	8	3	20	38%	\$271,	
К07	79	6	30	8%	\$596,388	K07	68	12	30	18%	\$1,558,	
к08	53	18	29	34%	\$2,379,042	к08	60	11	30	18%	\$1,815,	
K12	6	3	26	50%	\$1,674,392	K12	6	2	13	33%	\$1,603	
K18	2	0	N/A	0%	\$0	K22	99	25	32	25%	\$4,169	
K22	27	2	27	7%	\$142,560	К23	26	5	29	19%	\$835	
K23	26	6	27	23%	\$473,726	K24	5	4	20	80%	\$752	
K24	10	5	20	50%	\$964,282	K25	12	4	33	33%	\$629,	
K25	19	2	30	11%	\$243,207	К99	175	47	31	27%	\$5,809	
К99	171	33	32	19%	\$3,119,543	R25E	33	10	23	30%	\$2,365	
R25E	46	12	24	26%	\$2,909,208	R25T	15	9	25	60%	\$3,371	
					1		1					
R25T	19	10	23	53%	\$4,564,530	R13		1	29	100%	\$79	

NRSA Funding History

	2010		20	11	20	12	20	13	2014	
	PRE	POST	PRE	POST	PRE	POST	PRE	POST	PRE	POS T
T32	385	811	377	819	318	731	291	645	285	650
F30	_	-	-	-	34	_	79	_	110	-
F31	_	_	-	-	70	_	150	_	202	
F32	-	134	-	108	-	110	-	117	-	111
Total	385	945	377	927	422	841	520	762	597	761
Trainees	1330		1304		1263		1282		1358	
\$	\$61	.6m	\$62.4m		\$60.6m		\$60.2m		\$65.7m	

Summary

FY for K99	K99 success rate (NCI)	# of new awards	# of awardees that have transitioned to R00		Adjusted %R00/K99	Median Time from K99 To R00 (Months)	# of awardees with R01 (s)	%R01/R00	%R01/K99	Median Time from R00 To R01 (Months)
2007	12%	20	20	100.00%	100.00%	24.0	15 (3)†(2)**	75.00%	75.00%	33.9
2008	33%	34	30 (+2)*	88.24%	94.12%	23.5	14	46.67%	41.18%	44.0
2009	24%	24	20 (+3)*	83.33%	95.83%	23.3	6 (2)†	30.00%	25.00%	36.8
2010	22%	32	30 (+1)*	93.75%	96.88%	24.0	5 (1)†	16.67%	15.63%	18.6
2011	23%	35	29 (+2)*[2]#	82.86%	88.57%	22.5	1	3.45%	2.86%	21.7
2012	17%	25	19 (+1)*[3]#	76.00%	80.00%	16.4	1	5.26%	4.00%	21.0
2013	25%	33	9 {24} [‡]	27.27%		15.3	1	11.11%	3.03%	2.9
2014	23%	47	0 {47} [‡]	0.00%			0			
2007-2014	22%	250	157 (+9)	62.80%	66.40%	23.4	43 (8)†	27.39%	17.20%	

8 of them received 2 R01 awards.

- *: the number in () indicates the K99 awardees who obtained tenure-track equivalent position without R00 awarded (detailed information was provided in Page 5)
- #: the number in [] indicates the K99 awardees those are on a no cost extension.
- ‡: the number in {} indicates the K99 awardees those are still active.
- †: the number in () indicates the K99 awardees who had 2 R01s.
- **: the number in () indicates the K99 awardees who had 3 R01s. For both of them, the recent R01 received in 2014

Summary of K99 Outcomes

FY for K99	K99 success rate (NCI)	# of new awards	# of awardees that have transitioned to R00	%R00/K99	Adjusted %R00/K99	Median Time from K99 To R00 (Months)	# of awardees with R01 (s)	%R01/R00	%R01/K99	Median Time from R00 To R01 (Months)
2007	12%	20	20	100.00%	100.00%	24.0	15 (3)†(2)**	75.00%	75.00%	33.9
2008	33%	34	30 (+2)*	88.24%	94.12%	23.5	14	46.67%	41.18%	44.0
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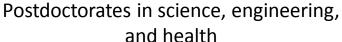
^{**:} the number in () indicates the K99 awardees who had 3 R01s. For both of them, the recent R01 received in 2014 ¹⁸ were type 2.

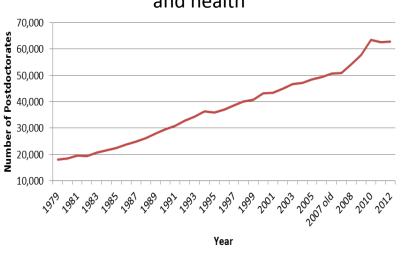
Applicant Pool

NCI supports >2,000 graduate students

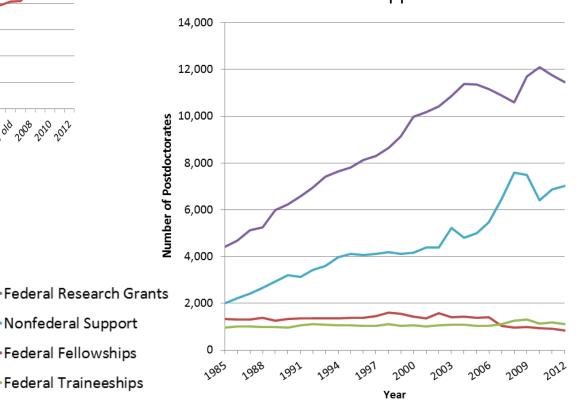
Mechanism	Number of students
F30, F31 (individual)	215
T32 (institutional)	370
Research grants	1,500
University resources	?

Postdoctorates in the U.S.



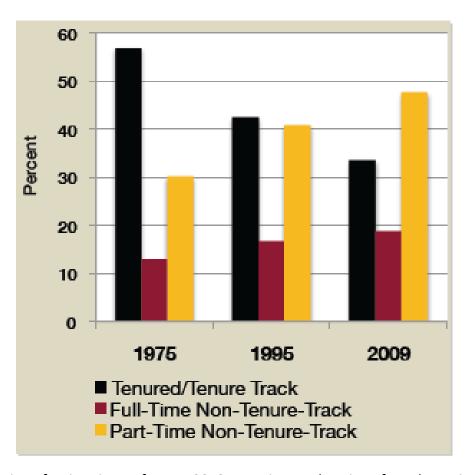


Biomedical science postdoctorates by source of support



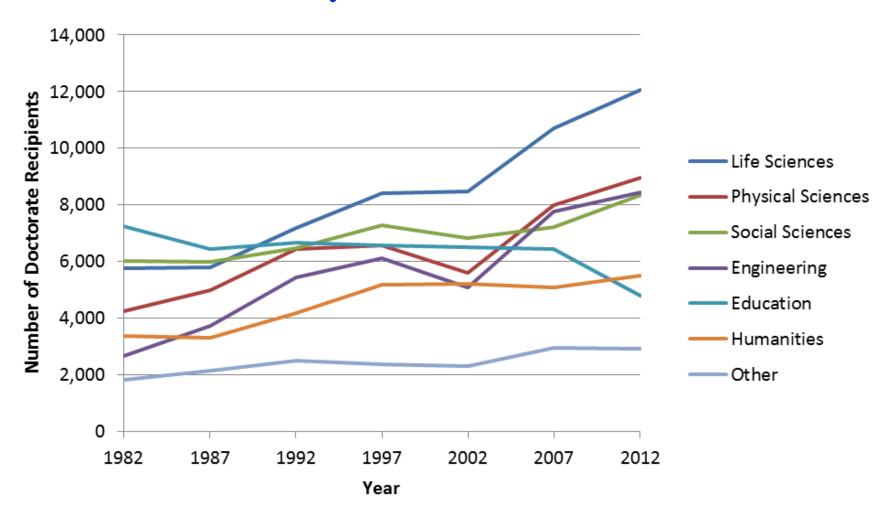
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Changing Composition of the Academic Workforce

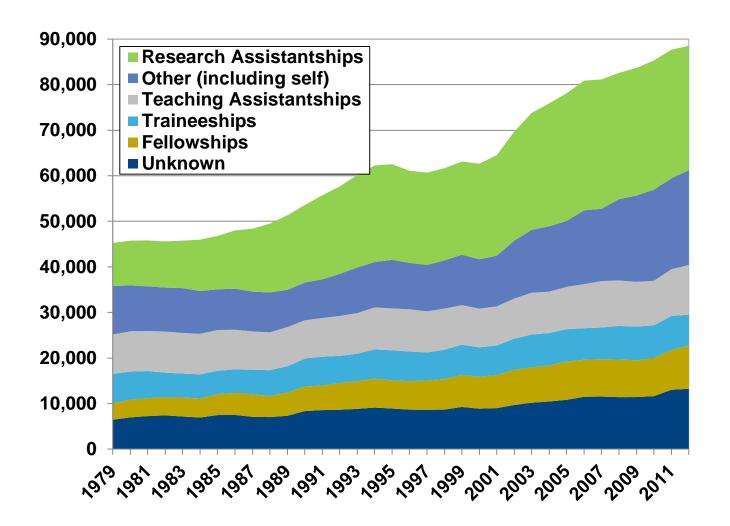


Source: American Association of University Professors, 2010; American Federation of Teachers Higher Education Data Center, 2010. Data were derived from National Center for Education Statistics Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System Surveys.

Increasing Numbers of U.S. Doctorate Recipients in Life Sciences

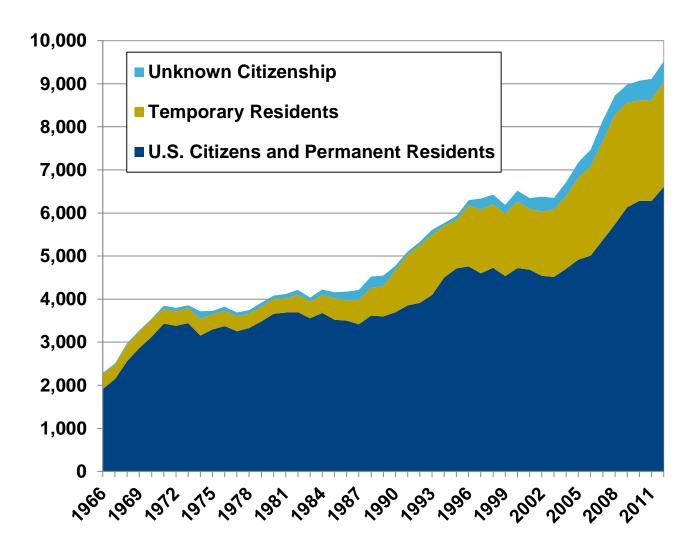


Full Time Biological and Medical Sciences Graduate Students in Doctorate Granting Departments by Mechanism of Support



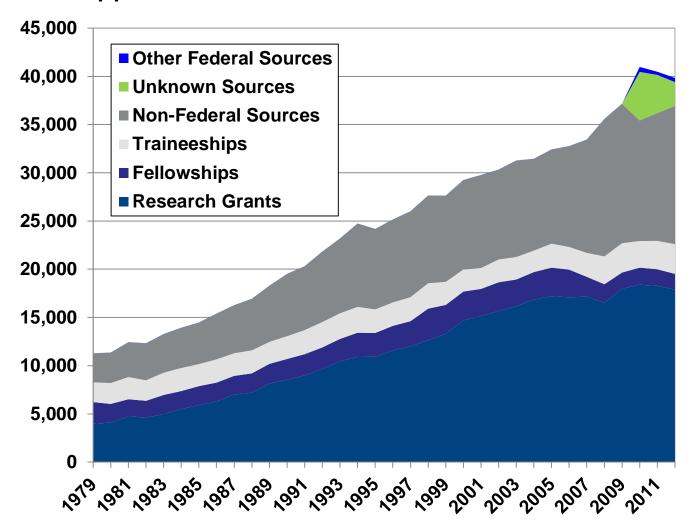


Doctorate Degrees Awarded in the Biological and Medical Sciences by Citizenship/Visa Status



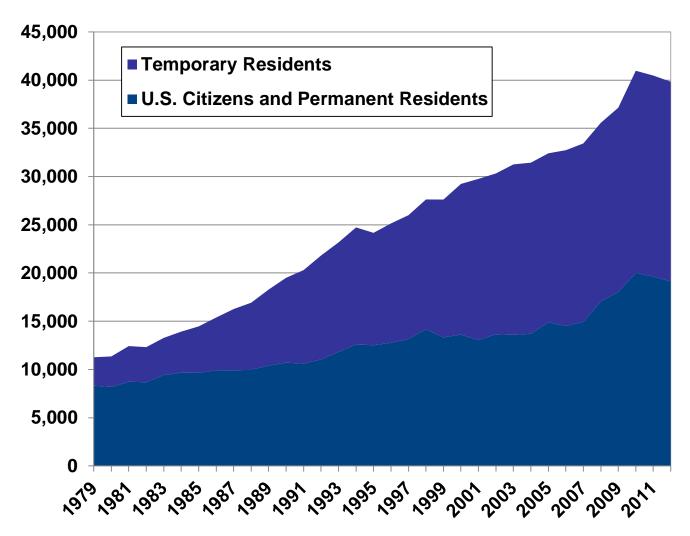


Biological and Medical Sciences Postdocs by Source of Support





Biological and Medical Sciences Postdocs by Citizenship/Visa Status



Source: http://www.nsf.gov/statistics/gradpostdoc/



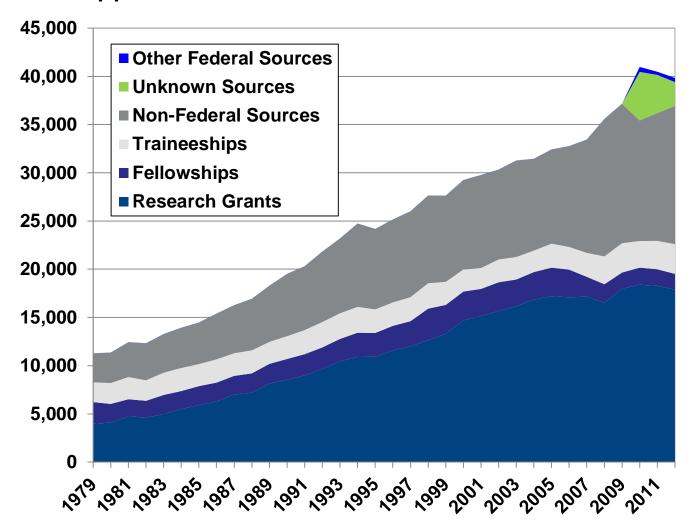
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2008	33%	34	30 (+2)*	88.24%	94.12%	23.5	14	46.67%	41.18%	44.0
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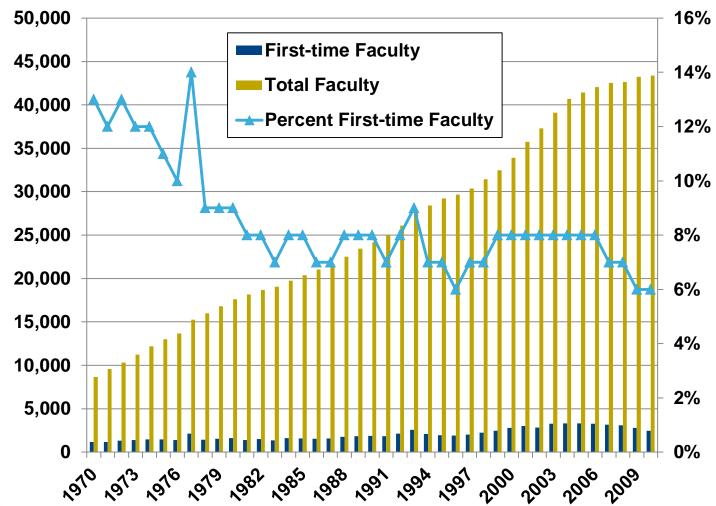
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Biological and Medical Sciences Postdocs by Source of Support





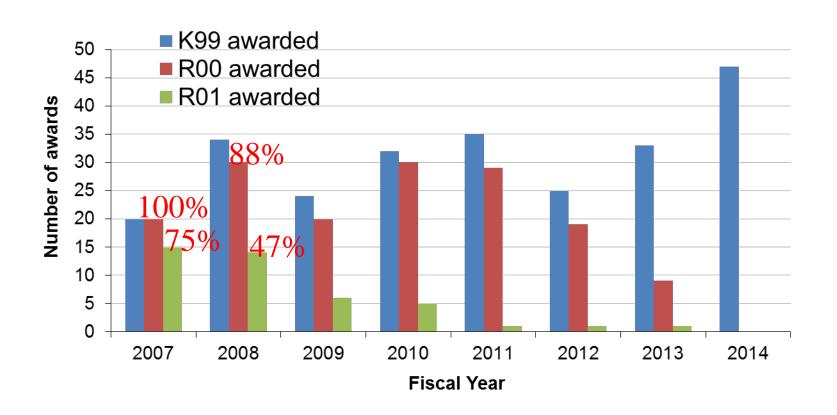
Total and New Full-Time Faculty 1970 to 2010 in US Medical Schools with Ph.D. or equivalent degree (includes M.D./Ph.D.)





Source: http://www.aamc.org

Number of K99 awardees who transitioned to R00, and/or received R01 (FY2007-FY2014)



- -- This figure was drawn from the summary Table in Page 2. For example, there were 20 new K99 awards in FY2007. Among these awardees, all of the 20 were transitioned to R00 successfully; 15 of them had R01 awards as of FY 2014.
- -- Most of the FY2013 & FY2014 K99 awards are still active.
- -- Considering the median time to get R01 from R00 is 3-4 years plus ~2-year K99 before R00, the number of R01 awards will continue to increase over time.