NCI Director's Update

Norman E. Sharpless, M.D. November 7, 2018





NCI Appropriations FY 2015 - 2019 (in millions)

21st Century Cures Act funding shown in orange.

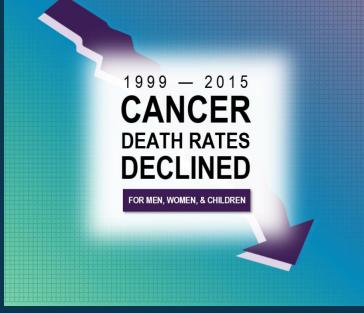


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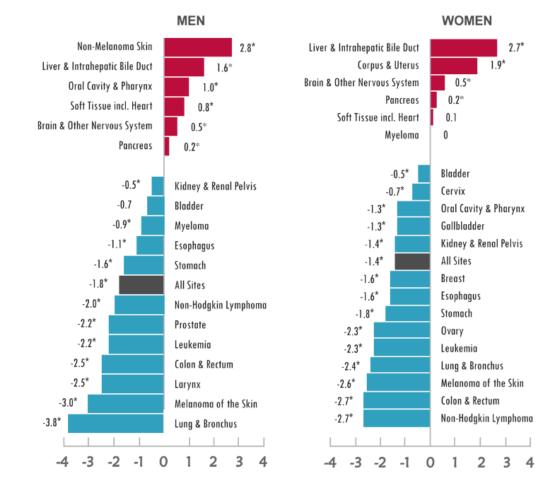
Highlights of the Past Year







NATIONAL TRENDS IN CANCER DEATH RATES



AVERAGE ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE (AAPC) 2011-2015





DIRECTOR'S MESSAGE: A TIME OF GREAT HOPE AND GREAT CHALLENGE



LEADING THE NATION'S PROGRESS AGAINST CANCER



UNDERSTANDING THE MECHANISMS OF CANCER



PREVENTING CANCER



DETECTING & DIAGNOSING CANCER



TREATING CANCER



ADVANCING PUBLIC HEALTH IN CANCER



STRENGTHENING THE CANCER RESEARCH ENTERPRISE



PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT BUDGET PROPOSAL

Annual Plan & Budget Proposal

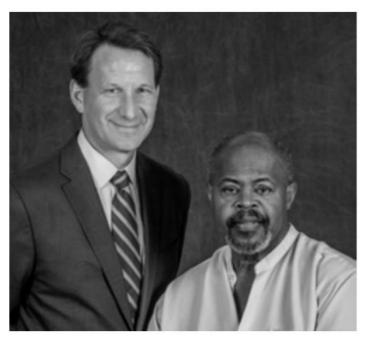
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

A s director of the National Cancer Institute (NCI), I am pleased to share our Annual Plan and Budget Proposal for Fiscal Year 2020. Having been sworn in to my position a little less than a year ago, this marks my first opportunity to present, in this form, the promising results of our country's investments in biomedical research. This plan directs attention to areas where additional support has unique potential to improve cancer prevention, detection, and treatment.

To place the plan's focus squarely on those most likely to benefit from NCI research, we have included stories of patients. While each story is unique, they are not that different from that of Mike, a patient I treated for acute leukemia.

Mike started feeling poorly in 2016, and a bone marrow biopsy revealed acute myeloid leukemia (AML). I began his initial treatment with aggressive chemotherapy, which caused difficult side effects and required him to spend more than a month in the hospital. After further therapy, Mike fully recovered, and he has been in remission for more than 2 years.

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Norman E. Sharpless, M.D., with former patient Mike, whom he treated for acute leukemia in 2016.

cancer research. In addition, NCI has benefitted from concerted, sustained, and bipartisan support from



FY 2018 ESIs NCI exceeded its goal of funding 25% more Early-Stage Investigators

FY 2019

FY 2019 enacted appropriation is a **\$179M* increase** over FY 2018 * including Moonshot funds The Washington Post Democracy Dies in Darkness

Researchers use immune-cell 'army' to battle another tough cancer

By Laurie McGinley June 4 Kemail the author

Newsweek

HEALTH

WHAT IS IMMUNOTHERAPY?: WOMAN WITH TERMINAL BREAST CANCER SAVED BY PIONEERING TREATMENT

BY KASHMIRA GANDER ON 6/5/18 AT 7:03 AM

Monday, October 1, 2018

NIH grantee wins 2018 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine

ALFR. OBE

The 2018 Nobel Prize in Physiology or P awarded to National Institutes of H Allison, Ph.D., of the University of Cancer Center, Houston, Texas with Tasuku Honjo, M.D., Ph.D Institute, Japan, for their disc inhibition of negative immu

The Royal Swedish Academy stimulating the inherent abil attack tumor cells this year's established an entirely new prio



Moxetumomab Approved by FDA for Hairy Cell Leukemia

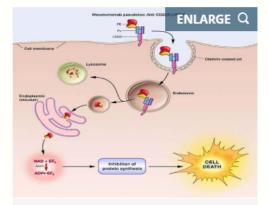
Subscribe

September 14, 2018, by NCI Staff

The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved moxetumomab pasudotox (Lumoxiti), a bacterial toxin-based drug, for the treatment of some patients with hairy cell leukemia (HCL). The approval covers the use of moxetumomab in patients with HCL who have already undergone at least two lines of standard treatments.

The action by FDA makes moxetumomab the first treatment approved for this group of patients. The approval was based on the findings from an 80-patient clinical trial sponsored by the drug's manufacturer, MedImmune.

In the trial, approximately 30% of patients had a complete disappearance of their cancer (complete response) that lasted for a long period, and side effects from the therapy were few and mostly minor. Overall, 75% of patients in the trial had either a partial response or complete response.



Moxetumomab pasudotox (Moxe) binds CD22 receptors on the surface of cancerous B cells, where it is internalized and processed to release its toxic payload. Credit: National Cancer Institute

Moxetumomab was originally discovered by Ira Pastan, M.D., and colleagues in NCI's Center for Cancer Research (CCR), and later licensed to MedImmune/AstraZeneca for clinical development.

FDA Approval of Moxetumomab

TAILORx

Trial Assigning IndividuaLized Options for Treatment (**Rx**)

NCI Press Release

TAILORx trial finds most women with early breast cancer do not benefit from chemotherapy

Posted: June 3, 2018

Contact: NCI Press Office 240-760-6600

New findings from the groundbreaking Trial Assigning Individualized Options for Treatment (Rx), or TAILORx trial, show no benefit from chemotherapy for 70 percent of women with the most common type of breast cancer. The study found that for women with hormone receptor (HR)positive, HER2-negative, axillary lymph node-negative breast cancer, treatment with chemotherapy and hormone therapy after surgery is not more beneficial than treatment with hormone therapy alone. The new data, released at the American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) annual meeting in Chicago, will help inform treatment decisions for many women with early-stage breast cancer.

The trial was supported by the National Cancer Institute



Credit: iStock

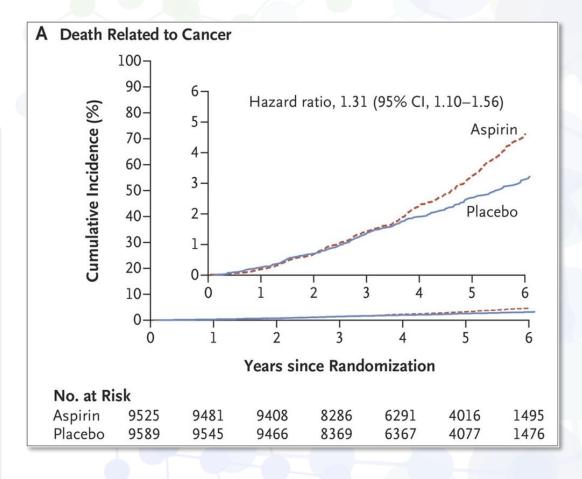


The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Effect of Aspirin on All-Cause Mortality in the Healthy Elderly

J.J. McNeil, M.R. Nelson, R.L. Woods, J.E. Lockery, R. Wolfe, C.M. Reid, B. Kirpach, R.C. Shah, D.G. Ives, E. Storey, J. Ryan, A.M. Tonkin, A.B. Newman, J.D. Williamson, K.L. Margolis, M.E. Ernst, W.P. Abhayaratna, N. Stocks, S.M. Fitzgerald, S.G. Orchard, R.E. Trevaks, L.J. Beilin, G.A. Donnan, P. Gibbs, C.I. Johnston, B. Radziszewska, R. Grimm, and A.M. Murray, for the ASPREE Investigator Group*



Notable NCI Research – New Projects



Project HOPE: <u>H</u>igh-Grade Glioma-<u>O</u>mics in <u>Pe</u>diatric and AYA



Project CARE: Glioblastoma <u>C</u>ellular <u>A</u>nalysis of <u>R</u>esistance and <u>E</u>volution MAYO CLINIC



Hepatobiliary Cancer Specialized Program of Research Excellence (SPORE)

CMS Coverage Decision on Next-Gen Sequencing

MARCH 16, 2018 The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has determined that **Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) as a diagnostic laboratory test is reasonable and necessary and covered nationally**, when performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory, when ordered by a treating physician and...





IMPLEMENTATION

NIH NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

Cancer Moonshot Networks



- Pediatric Immunotherapy
 Discovery and Development
- Immuno-Oncology
 Translational
- Drug Resistance and Sensitivity
- Rare Tumor Patient
 Engagement

Cancer Moonshot Funding Authorized Under the 21st Century Cures Act (dollars in millions)



Opportunities & Challenges Ahead



CTAC Ad Hoc Working groups

Glioblastoma Co-Chairs: Walter J. Curran, Jr. M.D., F.A.C.R. Chi V. Dang, M.D., Ph.D.

Radiation Oncology In process



Leadership transitions

- Director, Center for Global Health (CGH)
- Director, Center for Bioinformatics and Information Technology (CBIIT)
- Director, Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program (CTEP)
- Director, Division of Cancer Prevention (DCP)
- Associate Director, Frederick

Key Focus Areas

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Support the cancer research enterprise by focusing on the workforce of cancer investigators

BASIC SCIENCE

Reaffirm our commitment to basic science to drive novel approaches and technologies

BIG DATA

Increase data aggregation and interpretation to speed our work across the cancer enterprise

CLINICAL TRIALS

Fully realize the power of clinical trials through innovative design, administration, and analyses



www.cancer.gov www.cancer.gov/espanol